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HONGKONG, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1941.

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CHINESE MILITARY ORGAN SUGGESTS JAPANESE ARMY ADDRESSED APPEAL TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT: EFFORTS OF U.S. TO REACH SETTLEMENT WITH JAPAN SAID DANGEROUS

EFFORTS OF THE UNITED STATES TO REACH A SETTLEMENT WITH JAPAN MAY BE GENTLEMANLY, BUT DANGEROUS, DECLARED THE SAOTANGPAO, CHINESE ARMY ORGAN, IN A SPECIAL ARTICLE, SAYS A REUTER MESSAGE FROM CHUNGKING.

The Chinese daily pointed out that there are people in the United States who still believe that the Japanese militarists can be checked by strengthening the position of "moderates."

BUT, it stated, THERE ARE NO MODERATES OF ANY IMPORTANCE IN JAPAN, SINCE NO JAPANESE CABINET CAN BE FORMED WITHOUT THE SUPPORT OF THE JAPANESE ARMY.

Therefore, it is argued that it is not Prince Konoye but the Japanese Army who addressed the appeal to President Roosevelt, with the sole purpose of playing for time.

Shelling Of Tobruk Becoming Heavier

The enemy's shelling of TOBRUK is becoming heavier but thanks to the deep wadis dissecting the territory in every direction and rock dug-outs affording an excellent cover, casualties remain absurdly small in relation to the effort expended, writes Reuter's Special Correspondent in Tobruk at post "X" on the Eastern perimeter.

As I motored through Tobruk on the way here, the enemy was shelling the town but after two hours, there were still no casualties.

Reaching Area at the eastern end of the perimeter, I found troops

there who received 1,500 shells this morning with only three slight shrapnel casualties while in the previous afternoon 2,264 rounds fell in the western end of the perimeter without a single man being scratched.

GUN FLASHES

Traffic is, however, two way and en route, I saw flashes of our guns on both sides of the road and shell-bursts in the Italian lines two miles away.

After tea with the forward unit, exultantly ensconced in the former Italian border, I accompanied the Colonel adjutant to this post.

The country is almost beautiful. The post commands a wadi of 100 feet deep and no man's land is some 2,000 yards wide.

The concrete tunnels go deep into hillside casements command a wide stretch of the country.

After checking the revolvers and tommy-guns, the Colonel leads four men on patrol down the wadi and over our line.

TEMPORARY POST

They suspected that the temporary Italian post has been installed overnight and they propose to pin it down exactly at daylight, then send out the night patrol to beat it up.

At dusk, the patrol returns, its mission accomplished.

Tonight that Italian post will be the scene of "a party."

CIGARETTE CASE LOST

Mr. N. L. Bevin, Dinah House, Duddell Street, reported to Central Police Station that between 2 and 3 p.m. on Sept. 4 he lost in the Central district a solid English silver cigarette case with his initials inscribed.

TRIBUTE TO GOVERNOR'S DEVOTED SERVICE

His Excellency the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Alexander Stafford Northcote, K.C.M.G., and Lady Northcote will make their official farewells at Queen's Pier this morning at 9.30 o'clock.

The following telegram has been received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, London, addressed to H.E. Sir Geoffrey Northcote, K.C.M.G., dated Sept. 3, 1941:

As your active career in the Colonial Service is drawing to its conclusion I cannot let the occasion pass without expressing to you on behalf of my predecessor and myself our grateful recognition of the value of your devoted work and administration of over thirty-seven years in tropical Africa, British Guiana and Hongkong.

The welfare of the people in the Colonies in which you have held office has been your constant care, and the high standard of service to the communities which you have set for yourself and which has been so fully shared by Lady Northcote has been an inspiring example to those working under you.

I send you both my best wishes and I hope very much that your health will be quickly restored after a period of rest.

SUBMARINE ATTACK ON AMERICAN DESTROYER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—THE UNITED STATES DESTROYER GREER WAS ATTACKED BY A SUBMARINE. She was en route to Iceland with mails.

The torpedoes missed.

Officials questioned about the attack were unable to state whether it occurred before or after daylight.

The official announcement does not reveal the exact location or the time of the attack nor does it reveal whether the submarine's nationality has been determined.

GLIDER MOVEMENT IN INDIA

SIMLA, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—It is understood that the Raj has decided to give financial assistance to the gliding movement in the country by granting a loan of £7,500 spread over two years.

A gliding centre was recently started in Poona.

DR. ADELE COHN'S MESSAGE

Dr. Adele B. Cohn, first American woman physician to volunteer for medical service in Free China, has given the following message to the Chinese Youth League:

"Much success in your progress and may you see all your aspirations fulfilled in the New China."

-On Other- Pages

- Page
- 2—Swimming notes; Volunteer Orders, Round the Police Courts.
 - 3—Radio programmes; Coming even's; Crossword.
 - 5—A.R.P. Inquiry (also pages 7, 8, 11 and 12).
 - 6—Leading article: Two Important Speeches.
 - 8—Catholic news and notes; Church services.
 - 9—Enemy convoy smashed; War-time Empire supplies.

STEED ON DIFFERENCE IN U.S. POLICY COMPARED TO LAST WAR: SMUTS' PREDICTION OF ENTRY IS NOT LIKELY TO BE WRONG

Changes In Russia: Soldiers Now Know What They Are Fighting For

"In his speech at Pretoria, FIELD-MARSHAL SMUTS said that he is convinced that the United States will enter this war and help to decide it as they did in the last war. Marshal Smuts is a shrewd judge of events and he is not likely to be wrong in his view," said MR. H. WICKHAM STEED, the eminent author-journalist, when he broadcast from London yesterday in the weekly series "World Affairs."

Pursuing his comments on the United States policy in this war, Mr. Steed remarked that another declaration of a similar nature had been made by Mr. Mackenzie King, the Canadian Prime Minister, in the course of his speech at the Mansion House in London on Thursday.

Mr. Mackenzie King had stated that the British task would be harder and more desperate if all the free men of the world would not rally to her side and he had to go on to ask the United States to make a similar declaration that she would stand alongside Britain.

The Prime Minister (Mr. Churchill), Mr. Steed continued, had thanked Mr. Mackenzie King for putting into words the resolve to bring about one line of humanity to stand together against aggression.

"On the other hand, as an Englishman, I cannot overlook the great difference that exists in American policy in the first two-and-a-half years of the last war and her policy since September, 1939.

"President Roosevelt told us recently that the United States must play its full part in conquering the evil forces who have brought war.

Cont'd Page 7, Col. 5

Germans At Bay Outside Leningrad And Odessa

NO DIRECT ASSAULT IS HINTED

"The tremendous Battle of Russia is having first claim on our attention," said MR. KEVIN O'CARROLL when he broadcast from London last night, adding that the Germans seemed to be held at bay outside LENINGRAD in the north, and ODESSA in the south.

It was now being hinted that the German High Command may not have decided to make an attack on the cities by direct assault.

It was a specious excuse for lack of progress and it looked like a full admission that the Germans were finding Russian resistance too tough.

There was no doubt that the Russians were feeling the strain of the full power of the German war machine after twelve weeks of fighting. The Russian material losses may not have been so great as the Germans but they may not be able to carry out repairs as quick as the Germans can.

LOSS OF CENTRES

Production of Soviet war material was already being carried out in the Ural districts but this may not fully compensate for the loss of the industrial centres in the Ukraine.

The Kremlin was looking to Britain and the United States for speedy supplies while Britain must also look to the United States. It was hoped that the whole problem of supplies would be settled at the three-Power conference to be held in Moscow and at which Lord Beaverbrook will lead the British delegation and Mr. Averill Harriman, the American.

ATTACK ON GREER

The news of the attack on the U.S. destroyer Greer had aroused much speculation as it was known that the Germans had been studiously avoiding any such incidents.

The question being asked was: Does the attack on the Greer indicate a change in Nazi policy or did the U-boat commander make a mistake?

BERLIN RAIDED

Soviet planes raided Berlin on Thursday night, reports the official German News Agency, says Reuter.

Not a single Soviet warship was sunk in the Baltic, it is officially announced in Moscow.

Whether they are prepared to accept such sacrifices is not yet clear.

Japanese Will Not Accept Mediation By Foreign Power

"There has been no change in the Japanese determination not to accept mediation by a foreign Power, or a combination of Powers, which might envisage a settlement of the China affair," declared Mr. Ichiro Kishi, Deputy spokesman, when questioned on the subject at the usual Press conference in Tokyo, says Reuter.

He added that Prince Konoye's declaration in 1938, regarding the refusal to conduct diplomatic dealings with the Chiang Regime, "still stands."

Another correspondent asked whether Japan would recognise any settlement reached between the Chungking and Nanking regimes, to which Mr. Kishi replied: "That is an affair for the two Chinese regimes."

When references were made to a reported mediation attempted by third Powers, Mr. Kishi said: "It is only a wild story with which we are not concerned."

MAGNIFICENT SPIRIT

Greatest admiration is expressed throughout the London Press for the magnificent spirit of the people of Leningrad in face of what is recognised in London to be a serious threat to the city, says British Wireless.

The Germans clearly will have to pay a very heavy price indeed for possession of the city.

Whether they are prepared to accept such sacrifices is not yet clear.

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Today's News Summary

THE CHINESE ARMY ORGAN IN CHUNGKING, Saotangpao, writes that the United States efforts to reach a settlement with Japan may be gentlemanly, but dangerous, and argues that it was not Prince Konoye but the Japanese Army who addressed the letter to President Roosevelt. There is also comment from Washington on the latest phase of Japanese-American relations.

EN ROUTE TO IOELAND WITH MAILS, a United States destroyer was attacked by a submarine (assumed in Washington to be German) but the torpedoes missed the mark. Senators have commented on the attack.

THE LONDON NEWSPAPERS PAY TRIBUTE to the magnificent spirit of the people of Leningrad in the face of what is obviously a serious threat to the second city of Russia.

CABLE NEWS ON PAGE 4 DEALS WITH German attempts to cross Danube; Tremendous battle raging for Leningrad; Churchill to make full war statement; General Dentz in Jerusalem; Viceroy's Executive Council.

COLONY SWIMMING STARS HARD AT PRACTICE FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP GALA

Willfred Lawrence To Make Bid For Back-Stroke Crown

BY "JIN"

With the Colony's Swimming Championships fast approaching, local clubs and their swimmers are holding inter-club galas galore and judging from the many mid-week fetes held recently aquatic stars are keeping themselves fit and trained for the forthcoming finale.

After reviewing the performances to date the following swimmers should be chief contenders for the many titles. Short and Sprint distances: Tsui Hang (E.A.A.), David Hutchinson (V.R.C.), Ng Tsun-man (H.K.U.) and Wong Chi-hung (E.A.A.).

Middle and long distances: Chan Chun-nam (Lai Tsun S.U.), Yau Sai-kwan (Lai Tsun S.U.), Mak Wai-ming (Kowloon R. Union), Charles Huang (V.R.C.), C. Silva Netto (V.R.C.), Robert Chan (C.B.C.) and L. A. Benin (Y.M.C.A.).

Breast or Butterfly stroke: Ng Nin (Sing Tao), Loiz M. Remedios (V.R.C.), Kwok Chun-hang (K.H.U.), Fong Chong-yu (Lai Tsun S.U.), Enrique Chan (C.B.C.) and Jose Marques (V.R.C.).

Back and medley relay: A. K. Rungabin (V.R.C.), Willfred Lawrence (V.R.C.), Ng Nin (Sing Tao), David Hutchinson (V.R.C.), Shek Kam-pui (Sing Tao), and Poon Wang-kin (Lai Tsun S.U.).

LADIES' EVENTS

The following should figure prominently in the ladies' events.

Short and sprint distances: Misses V. Churn (J. Anderson) and C. Gutierrez (V.R.C.), Ko Mui-ling (Lai Tsun S.U.), He Wai-king (C.B.C.) and Li Po-luen (S.C.A.A.).

Long and middle distances: Misses C. Gutierrez and "Ding" Lopes (V.R.C.), Li Po-luen (S.C.A.A.), He Wai-king (C.B.C.), and Cheng Oi-lam (Lai Tsun S.U.).

Breast or butterfly stroke: Misses V. Churn (V.R.C.), Tsang Fung-kwan, Ko Mui-ling (Lai Tsun S.U.) and Li Po-luen (S.C.A.A.).

Back and medley event: Misses C. Gutierrez, V. Churn and D.

Police Courts

AT CENTRAL

MUTE SENT TO PRISON

A deaf and dumb, Tsui Tsai, 20, unemployed, was sentenced by Mr. H.G. Sheldon to four months' hard labour when he was convicted on a charge of larceny from the person of Wong Tai-yau 62, boatman, of four \$1 notes at Stone Nullah Lane, near Cross Street, on Sept. 2.

Defendant pleaded, through Miss Li, principal of the Deaf and Dumb School, that he was hungry and had no clothes and so had to steal.

It was revealed by Det.-Sgt. V.M. Morrison that defendant had two previous convictions for larceny.

FIRST PROSECUTION

Li Yee, 25, of 156 Lockhart Road, appeared before Mr. G. T. Lowry charged with riding a bicycle which was fitted with a warning device not approved of by the Hon. Commissioner of Police.

Defendant failed to appear and his bail of \$5 was estreated. The case is interesting in that it is the first prosecution of its kind.

Traffic Sgt. Dingsdale prosecuted.

ALLEGED ROBBERS

Chan Chu, 22, together with Yip Chan and Ma Fung, appeared before Mr. Lowry on a charge of having on August 31 robbed Yau Kiu-hung and Chan Yin-tong of \$41 and one fountain pen and \$56 respectively on the steps between Hospital and Po Hing Fong Rds.

Hearing was remanded for 24 hours.

Det.-Sgt. Cochrane is in charge of the prosecution.

PRIVATE CODE

Leung Keung-yu, 60, of 16 Kwai Heung St. was charged before Mr. Lowry with being in possession of a private code.

The defendant is on bail for \$2,000 and hearing has been adjourned for three days.

Sgt. Johnson is in charge of the prosecution.

AT KOWLOON

SPITTING CHARGE

Hon Man, 40, and Tso Wah, 52, were charged with spitting in Pel-ho Street and Laichikok Road respectively on Sept. 4, and were both fined \$5 when they appeared before Mr. H. C. Macnamara.

COSTLY FERRY RIDE

A 16-year-old student, residing at 10 Castle Peak Road, was charged with avoiding payment of ferry fare when he appeared before Mr. Macnamara.

The accused, at 4.40 p.m. on Sept. 4 travelled on a Yau-mat ferry and produced his sister's ticket when asked for it.

A fine of \$15 was imposed on the accused.

REMANDED ONE WEEK

Lam Ng, 22, master of trading junk T4506H, and Lam Sul Lung, 34, both of the same junk, with others not in custody, appeared before Major A.N. Macfadyen on a charge of robbery.

They were alleged to have stolen 30 packages of cigarettes, 40 bags of wheat, five packages of cotton yarn, 350 bean cakes and 14 bags of fertilizer, property of Luen Lai & Co., 370 Queen's Road Central.

At the request of the Police, the accused were remanded for a week.

STOLE BRICKS

Li Yick, 27, and Li Yam, 26, appeared before Major Macfadyen on a charge of larceny of 8,320 bricks from the Hongkong Construction Co. Ltd. on three different occasions.

They were fined \$30 or 3 months' hard labour on the three charges.

Det.-Sgt. R. McVey prosecuted.

THEFT OF RICE

Before Major Macfadyen, Kin-loong, 24, and Tso Leung, 37, were charged with larceny of two bags of rice from lorry No. 18 at the junction of Tam Kung Road, property of Leung Chung.

Mr. d'Almeida Remedios is appearing for second defendant who is on \$100 bail.

Hearing was remanded for 72 hours.

TRESPASSER CONVICTED

Leung Man, 17, appeared before Major Macfadyen charged with larceny of 60 lbs. rivets from Bal-lo's Shipyard and trespassing in a protected area on Sept. 3.

He was fined \$25 or two months' hard labour on the first count and \$10 or one month on the second.

Sgt. M. Rogers prosecuted.

H.K. Volunteer Orders

ORDERS BY COL. H. B. ROSE, M.C., COMMANDANT,
HONGKONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS

PARADES		Mobile Column	
Corps Artillery	2nd Battery	Mon., 5.30 p.m.	Hung Hom. Those detailed Dress — Overalls. Driving instructions.
Fri., p.m. to Sun., p.m.	Time to be notified later. Bluff Head. All Secs. Dress—Fighting Order (Trousers and shirt sleeves). Week-end Camp.	Wed., 2.30 p.m.	H.Q. All Pns. Dress—Drill Order, shirt sleeves, helmets. Thompson S.M.G., V.G. and L.G. training, lecture.
Thurs. No parade		Fri., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. All Pns. Dress as previously detailed. A.Cars Secs. and No. 3 Pns. V.G. and L.G. training. Nos. 1 and 2 Pns. Rifle Drill. Nos. 1 and 2 Pns. will bring web belts, frogs and slings.
3rd Battery		No. 1 Company	
Tues., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. All members Dress — Mufli. Lecture by Major Garland. "Recognition of aircraft."	Mon. No parade.	
Tues. 6.30 p.m.	H.Q. B.C.A.'s Class. Dress—Mufli. Conducted by Lt. McLellan.	Fri., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. Company parade. Dress — Mufli. Weapon training.
Thurs. 1.30 p.m.	H.Q. Advance Party as detailed. 2 p.m. H.Q. All members. Dress as usual for 1 day training. Training at Bluff Head.	No. 2 Company	
4th Battery		Tues., 5.30 p.m.	Kowloon Dock. No 6 Pns. Dress—Mufli. Weapon training.
Thurs. No parade.		Wed., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. No. 7 Pns. Dress—Mufli. Thompson S.M.G.
Thurs., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. All Secs. Dress — Mufli. Kit inspection and gas chamber.	Fri., 2 p.m.	H.Q. Coy. parade. Dress—Battle Order. Half day training.
5th A.A. Battery		No. 3 Company	
Wed., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. Nos. 1 and 2 Secs. Dress—Mufli. Lecture.	Thurs., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. Coy. parade. Dress—Overalls, caps. Coy training. Sun. 9 a.m. Peak Range. Those detailed.
Thurs., 3 p.m.	H.Q. No. 2 Sec. Dress as detailed. Half day training.	No. 4 Company	
Field Company Engineers		Mon. No parade.	
Mon. No parade.		Wed., 2 p.m.	H.Q. Company parade. Dress Drill Order, helmets. Weapon training.
Thurs., 2.30 p.m.	K.C.H. Company parade. Dress. Helmets, suits, shorts, hosetops, boots and puttees. Overalls to be carried. Fatigue parties as detailed and technical training for remainder.	No. 5 Company	
Corps Signals		Tues., 5.30 p.m.	H.Q. Whole Coy. Dress Mufli. Lecture.
Wed., 2 p.m.	H.Q. 1 day training. Uniform belts only. Signal training in Sections.	Fri., 2.15 p.m.	H.Q. N.C.O.'s 2 Pns. Dress. Boots, puttees, shorts, shirts. S.D. caps, helmets over left shoulder. web equipment less haversack and water bottle. T.F.W.T. Remainder.
Fri., 5 p.m.	H.Q. (iv) M/T Training. Murray Parade Ground. (v) Weapon training as detailed. (vi) Telegraphy Class. (vi) Signal training. (vii) Training Cadre will not parade. Arms and S.B.Rs. will be returned immediately.		

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St. George's Building, 2, Ice House Street,
Tel. No. 20135. HONG KONG.

of Coy. L.G. (A.A.) revision

No. 7 Company

Mon. No parade.

Fri., 2.30 p.m. H.Q. 26 Pns. Officers and N.C.O.'s. Dress as detailed in Coy Orders. T.F.W.T. Remainder of Coy. Summer uniform. (i) Grenade training. (ii) Eavonet training. (iii) L.G. T.O.F.T. (iv) L.L. recapitulation.

AFFILIATED UNIT

Nursing Detachment H.K.V.D.C.

Lecture

There will be no First Aid Lecture.

Strength-Decrease

Mrs. M. A. McKenna, 29.8.41.

Miss G. Owen, 6.9.41.

Office

The Nursing Detachment Office will not be open at all on Wed. Sept. 10.

Karpovich Colony Chess Champion

The Committee of the Kowloon Club met on Thursday evening at the Peninsula Hotel when it was decided to close the various chess tournaments that had been conducted at the club during the year.

The following were named, therefore, as winners of these tournaments:

Colony Championship: L. Karpovich, winner; C. M. Sequeira, runner-up.

Colony Junior Championship: To Yu-lau, winner; A. Y. Biriukoff, runner-up.

Club Championship: C. M. Sequeira and D. E. de Carvalho, joint winners.

Club Junior Championship: A. C. Poupard, winner; A. Benjamin, runner-up.

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Kowloon Chess Club will be held at the club room, Peninsula Hotel, on Thursday, September 25, at 4.30 p.m.

H.K.V.D.C. ANNUAL AQUATIC SPORTS

The Annual Aquatic Sports of the H.K.V.D.C. will be held on Saturday, Sept. 20, commencing at 9 p.m.

The following will be the events for the inter-unit championship:

Relay (Free Style): Four men, each to swim two lengths.

Relay (Medley): Three men, each one length.

Diving: Two men from each Unit.

Relay (Free Style): Six men, each one length.

The competing units will be as follows:—Corps Artillery; Mobile Column; Nos. 1, 2, 3 Coys.; Portuguese Coys.; Chinese Coys.; Small Units.

LICENCING BOARD MEETING

A meeting of the Licensing Board will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, Nov. 3, 1941, at 4 p.m. for the purpose of considering applications for Publicans' Licences, Hotel Keepers' Adjunct Licences and Restaurant Adjunct Licences for the year 1941-1942 under the Distable Commodities Ordinance, 1931.

SPORTING FIXTURES

TODAY

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6

BASEBALL. — Charity Cup Series. Hongkong v. United States Navy (Halfway Corner, Kowloon), 3 p.m.

BOWLS LEAGUE. — First Division. Indian R.C. v. Craigengower; Third Division. Craigengower v. Police R.C.

SWIMMING. — Hongkong Chinese Civil Servants' Club Swimming Gala, at North Point, 7.30 p.m.

TOMORROW

GOLF. — Royal Hongkong Golf Club Championship of Happy Valley and Captain's Cup.

CRETE WOUNDED IN NEW YORK

Heartened By News Of Red Resistance

NEW YORK, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—

Soldiers and sailors were very heartened to hear how well the Russians were still holding out when they arrived in New York yesterday on the Empress of Asia.

Most of those on board were wounded from Crete and elsewhere on their way to England to recuperate and among the 397 passengers, mostly soldiers, sailors and airmen, were also men who took part in the naval battle of Matapan.

Shortly after the vessel's arrival, the State Department in Washington announced that it had waived the ordinary requirements for visitors' visas and had allowed the passengers ashore while the ship was in dock.

The ship's rails were lined with troops in khaki shorts who cheered lustily as the boatload of newspapermen swarmed aboard bringing with them copies of newspapers which were eagerly shared by the soldiers and sailors hungry for the latest news from Europe.

Licences, Hotel Keepers' Adjunct Licences and Restaurant Adjunct Licences for the year 1941-1942 under the Distable Commodities Ordinance, 1931.

PLAYER'S GIVE MORE PLEASURE



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HERBERT MARSHALL • JAMES STEPHENSON
A WILLIAM WYLER PRODUCTION
A WARNER BROS. First National Picture • Screen Play by Howard Koch • Music by Max

NEXT CHANGE ! JUDY GARLAND • GEORGE MURPHY
M-G-M Musical in "LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

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KAY KYSER in
"YOU'LL FIND OUT"
with
PETER BORIS • BELLA
LORRE KARLOFF LUGOSI
and
KAY KYSER BAND
An RKO Radio Picture

TOMORROW

HENRY DOROTHY LINDA
FONDA LAUREN DARNELL
in
"CHAD HANNA"
By WALTER D. EDMONDS
Directed by HENRY KING
Photographed in
TECHNICOLOR
A 7th Century Fox Picture

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.30 7.45-9.45
MAJESTIC THEATRE NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL 57222
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CHEERS FOR MISS BISHOP
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Starring Edmund Gwenn • Sidney Blackmer • Dorothy Peterson
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And Introducing MARY ANDERSON • Directed by Roy Carmichael

From the novel "Miss Bishop" by Bess Streeter Aldrich
Screen Adaptation by Stephen Vincent Benét
Screenplay by Adelaide Halloran and Elizabeth Gilroy
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The Season's Smartest, Fastest, Funniest Film!
ROSALIND RUSSELL • BRIAN AHERNE • VIRGINIA BRUCE
"HIRED WIFE"
A New Universal Comedy-Hit!

HIRED WIFE
Sunday Attraction
At Majestic

Three of Hollywood's leading personalities, Rosalind Russell, Brian Aherne and Virginia Bruce, have the starring roles in Universal's "Hired Wife," which comes to the Majestic Theatre on Sunday. Miss Russell, who has become very well known as a comedienne, is brought to the screen in this type of characterization. Aherne's role, on the other hand,

is declared to be a distinct departure from the serious characters he has played.

In direct contrast to her co-stars, Miss Bruce has one of the few "straight" roles in the entire picture. In her role as a glamorous model.

Supporting the above members of the cast are many featured players including Hobart Cavanaugh, William Davidson, Richard Lane and Charles Smith. The picture was produced and directed by William Selter, who garnered considerable praise recently for his direction of Deanna Durbin in "It's a Date." Glenn Tryon was associate producer.

COMING EVENTS

SEPT
6—Tides:—High 10.40 a.m. and 11.32 p.m.; Low 3.57 a.m. and 4.55 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.07 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
Bank Holiday
St. Stephen's Girls' College Entrance Test for new students, 9 a.m.
Lawn Bowls League matches, 2 p.m.
Painting Exhibition at Hotel Cecil
H.K. C.C.S.C. Swimming Gala, North Point, 7.30 p.m.
Lawn Bowls League matches, 3 p.m.
Charity Cup Baseball, Chatham Road, 3 p.m.

7—Tides:—High 11.21 a.m. and 11.57 p.m.; Low 3.29 a.m. and 5.21 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.08 a.m.; Sunset: 7.35 p.m.
National Day of Prayer: Special Service of Intercession in all Churches in the Colony.
Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group, West Lounge, 9 p.m.

Painting Exhibition at Hotel Cecil
Royal Hongkong Golf Club Championship of Happy Valley and Capetown's Cup
8—Tides:—High 11.57 a.m. and 12.19 p.m.; Low 5.19 a.m. and 5.52 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.08 a.m.; Sunset: 7.34 p.m.
Crown Land Sale P.W.D. Office, 3 p.m.
St. Andrew's (Medical) War Work, 10 a.m.

9—Tides:—High 12.32 a.m. and 12.39 p.m.; Low 6 a.m. and 6.32 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.08 a.m.; Sunset: 7.33 p.m.
Urban Council Meeting, 4.15 p.m.
10—Tides:—High 1.04 a.m. and 12.58 p.m.; Low 6.44 a.m. and 6.50 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.08 a.m.; Sunset: 7.32 p.m.

11—Tides:—High 1.37 p.m. and 7.31 a.m.; Low 7.15 p.m. and 7.31 a.m.
Sunrise: 7.08 a.m.; Sunset: 7.31 p.m.
H.K.F.A. Council Meeting, 5.30 p.m.
Claims against Estate of late Mr. J. Williams due
St. Andrew's (Medical) War Work, 10 a.m.

Annual General Meeting of C.B.A. Clubhouse, King's Park, 6 p.m.
12—Tides:—High 1.22 a.m. and 2.32 p.m.; Low 8.27 a.m. and 7.35 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.09 a.m.; Sunset: 7.30 p.m.
St. Andrew's Wartime Intercession Service, 6.30 p.m.

13—Tides:—High 1.56 a.m. and 3.49 p.m.; Low 9.38 a.m. and 1.55 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.09 a.m.; Sunset: 7.28 p.m.
R.C.C. Band Concert and Dance, Cox's Path
14—Tides:—High 2.29 a.m. and 6.29 p.m.; Low 11.09 a.m. and 6.42 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.28 p.m.

15—Tides:—High 3.41 a.m. and 12.27 a.m.; Low 12.27 a.m. and 6.17 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.27 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
16—Tides:—High 4.58 a.m. and 9.17 p.m.; Low 1.22 a.m. and 12 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
17—Tides:—High 5.41 a.m. and 10.01 p.m.; Low 2.05 a.m. and 1.01 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
18—Tides:—High 6.29 a.m. and 9.59 p.m.; Low 2.51 a.m. and 1.47 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
19—Tides:—High 7.15 a.m. and 10.45 p.m.; Low 3.37 a.m. and 2.33 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
20—Tides:—High 8.01 a.m. and 11.31 p.m.; Low 4.23 a.m. and 3.19 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
21—Tides:—High 8.47 a.m. and 12.17 p.m.; Low 5.09 a.m. and 4.05 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
22—Tides:—High 9.33 a.m. and 1.03 p.m.; Low 5.55 a.m. and 4.51 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
23—Tides:—High 10.19 a.m. and 1.49 p.m.; Low 6.41 a.m. and 5.37 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
24—Tides:—High 11.05 a.m. and 2.35 p.m.; Low 7.27 a.m. and 6.23 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
25—Tides:—High 11.51 a.m. and 3.21 p.m.; Low 8.13 a.m. and 7.09 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
26—Tides:—High 12.37 a.m. and 4.07 p.m.; Low 9.00 a.m. and 7.56 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
27—Tides:—High 1.23 a.m. and 4.53 p.m.; Low 9.46 a.m. and 8.42 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
28—Tides:—High 2.09 a.m. and 5.39 p.m.; Low 10.32 a.m. and 9.28 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
29—Tides:—High 2.55 a.m. and 6.25 p.m.; Low 11.18 a.m. and 10.14 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
30—Tides:—High 3.41 a.m. and 7.11 p.m.; Low 12.04 a.m. and 11.00 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
31—Tides:—High 4.27 a.m. and 7.57 p.m.; Low 12.50 a.m. and 11.46 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
32—Tides:—High 5.13 a.m. and 8.43 p.m.; Low 1.36 a.m. and 1.32 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
33—Tides:—High 6.00 a.m. and 9.30 p.m.; Low 2.22 a.m. and 2.18 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
34—Tides:—High 6.46 a.m. and 10.16 p.m.; Low 3.08 a.m. and 3.04 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
35—Tides:—High 7.32 a.m. and 10.52 p.m.; Low 3.54 a.m. and 3.50 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
36—Tides:—High 8.18 a.m. and 11.38 p.m.; Low 4.40 a.m. and 4.36 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
37—Tides:—High 9.04 a.m. and 12.24 p.m.; Low 5.26 a.m. and 5.22 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
38—Tides:—High 9.50 a.m. and 1.10 p.m.; Low 6.12 a.m. and 6.08 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
39—Tides:—High 10.36 a.m. and 1.56 p.m.; Low 6.58 a.m. and 6.54 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
40—Tides:—High 11.22 a.m. and 2.42 p.m.; Low 7.44 a.m. and 7.40 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
41—Tides:—High 12.08 a.m. and 3.28 p.m.; Low 8.30 a.m. and 8.26 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
42—Tides:—High 12.54 a.m. and 4.14 p.m.; Low 9.16 a.m. and 9.12 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
43—Tides:—High 1.40 a.m. and 5.00 p.m.; Low 10.02 a.m. and 9.58 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
44—Tides:—High 2.26 a.m. and 5.46 p.m.; Low 10.48 a.m. and 10.44 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
45—Tides:—High 3.12 a.m. and 6.32 p.m.; Low 11.34 a.m. and 11.30 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
46—Tides:—High 3.58 a.m. and 7.18 p.m.; Low 12.20 a.m. and 12.16 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

St. Andrew's Discussion Group
47—Tides:—High 4.44 a.m. and 7.54 p.m.; Low 1.06 a.m. and 1.02 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.
St. Andrew's Discussion Group
48—Tides:—High 5.30 a.m. and 8.40 p.m.; Low 1.52 a.m. and 1.48 p.m.
Sunrise: 7.10 a.m.; Sunset: 7.26 p.m.

Radio Programmes

Z On Wavelengths of 355 metres (845 k.c.s.) 31.49
B metres (845 k.c.s.) 31.49
W metres (952 megacycles).

TODAY
Tchaikowsky
Concerto No. 1
in B Flat Minor

12.45 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Excerpts from Gilbert and Sullivan's "The Gondoliers."

Overture: The Light Opera Orchestra and Chorus with Orchestra. We're Gonna Gondoliers! Derek Oldham, George Baker and Chorus with Orch. Are You Peeping? S. Gordon, B. Elburn, D. Oldham, G. Baker, Lawson, A. Davies with Orch. Bridge and Bride Marries! Eileen Joyce w. Orch. Kind Sir, You Cannot Have the Heart! Winifred Lawson (Soprano) with Orch. Then Away They Go To An Island Fair Finale. Derek Oldham, Winifred Lawson, Aileen Davies, George Baker and Chorus with Orchestra. Take A Pair of Sparkling Eyes Derek Oldham (Tenor) with Orchestra

1.00 Local Time Signal and Programme Summary.
1.02 Charlie Kunz (Piano) A Reginald Dixon (Organ).

Kunz Revivals, No. 28 Intro: You Are My Lucky Star, I've Got A Feeling You're Foolish, She's Funny That Way, Did You Ever Have A Feeling You're Flying? A Little Dash Of Dubin, Everything's In Rhythm w. My Heart Charlie Kunz w. Rhythm accompaniment. Dancing Time, No. 5 Intro: Grandine Said, I Miss You In The Morning (Fox-Trot), I Shall Always Remember You Smiling, Where The Shannon Flows Down To The Sea (Waltzes)—Reginald Dixon Charlie Kunz Piano Medley No. 9 Intro: Sympathy, You Needn't Have Kept It A Secret, You're Here, You're There—Charlie Kunz with Rhythm accompaniment. Dixon Hits No. 27—Intro: Blue Skies Are Round The Corner, The Umbrella Man, Day Dreaming, My Serenade, The Picky Bird Hop, The Chestnut Tree—Reginald Dixon Charlie Kunz Piano Medley No. 10 Intro: Goodnight Again, When The Blackbird Sings Bye Bye, Ferry Boat Serenade, Trade Winds, Our

7.15 Selections from Light Opera, Countess Maritza—Selection (Kalam)—Grand Symphony Orch. The Czardas—Selection (Kalam)—Lehar-Jenbach-Reichert, Herbert Groh (Tenor), Tris, Rudolph (Soprano) w. Chorus and Orchestra. Choo Choo Chow—Selection (Norton)—The Gaumont-British Orchestra cond. by Louis Levy.

7.40 The London Palladium Orchestra and Nelson Lidy (Baritone), Sylvia (Soprano)—Sparks—Nelson Eddy w. Piano accompaniment Dawn (Matt) The London Palladium Orchestra Through The Years (Heymann—Youmann), Dusty Road (Leon Rene and Ode Rene)—Nelson Eddy with Orch. Aerial (Lincke), Animal Antics—Novelty Intermezzo (Wark)—The London Palladium Orchestra
8.00 London Relay—The News
8.15 London Relay—War Commentary
8.25 London Relay—Listening Post: Examination of Points in Daily German Propaganda.
8.30 London—"Calling British Forces In The Far East."
9.00 Local Time Signal, Programme Summary and Announcements.

9.02 Tchaikowsky—Concerto No. 1 in B Flat Minor, Op. 23.
1st Mov. Allegro non troppo e molto maestoso, 2nd Mov. Andantino semplice—Prestissimo; 3rd Mov. Allegro con fuoco—Arthur Rabinstein (Piano) and The London Symphony Orchestra cond. by Barbirolli.

9.35 Russian Songs.
Russian Soldier's Song; The Ballad Of The 12 Brigands (Russian Folk Song)—Michael Givovsky (Bass) with Chorus. Farewell To The Volga; Two Peasants In Petrograd—Russian Choir "Boyar"

9.45—10.00 News in French (on Short Wave only).
9.45 The Bohemians.
Melody Of The Waltz (Gungl), Summer Breezes (King), Daddy Long Legs (Wright).

10.00 London Relay—The News and News Commentary.
10.15 Dance Music.
Fox-Trots—No Souvenirs; Don't Make Me Laugh (With Tears In My Eyes)—Jack White and His Band. Swing Fox-Trots—I've Found A New Baby; Easy To Get—Bud Freeman & His Summa Cum Laude Orchestra. Quick-Step—I Wanna Wrap You Up; Slow Fox-Trot—I Forgot The Little Things—Joe Loss and His Band. Tango—Tango Espanol; Tango Illusion—Robert Renard Dance Orch. Fox-Trot—Get Your Boots Laced Papa—Woody Herman and His Orchestra. Rumba—Rumba Rumbero; Conga—Nueva Conga—Xavier Cugat and His Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra. Fox-Trot—This Year's Roses; Quickstep—I Hear Bluebirds—Oscar Rabin and His Strict Tempo Dance Band. Swing Fox-Trots—Peckin' With The Penguins; Davenport Blues—Tommy Dorsey and His Orchestra. Fox-Trot—Never Took A Lesson In My Life; Waltz—Lovely Old Lady—Sydney Lipton and His Grosvenor House Dance Orchestra.

11.15 London—"Apple Sauce." A Variety Show.
12 midnight Close Down.
Cont'd Page 8, Col. 5

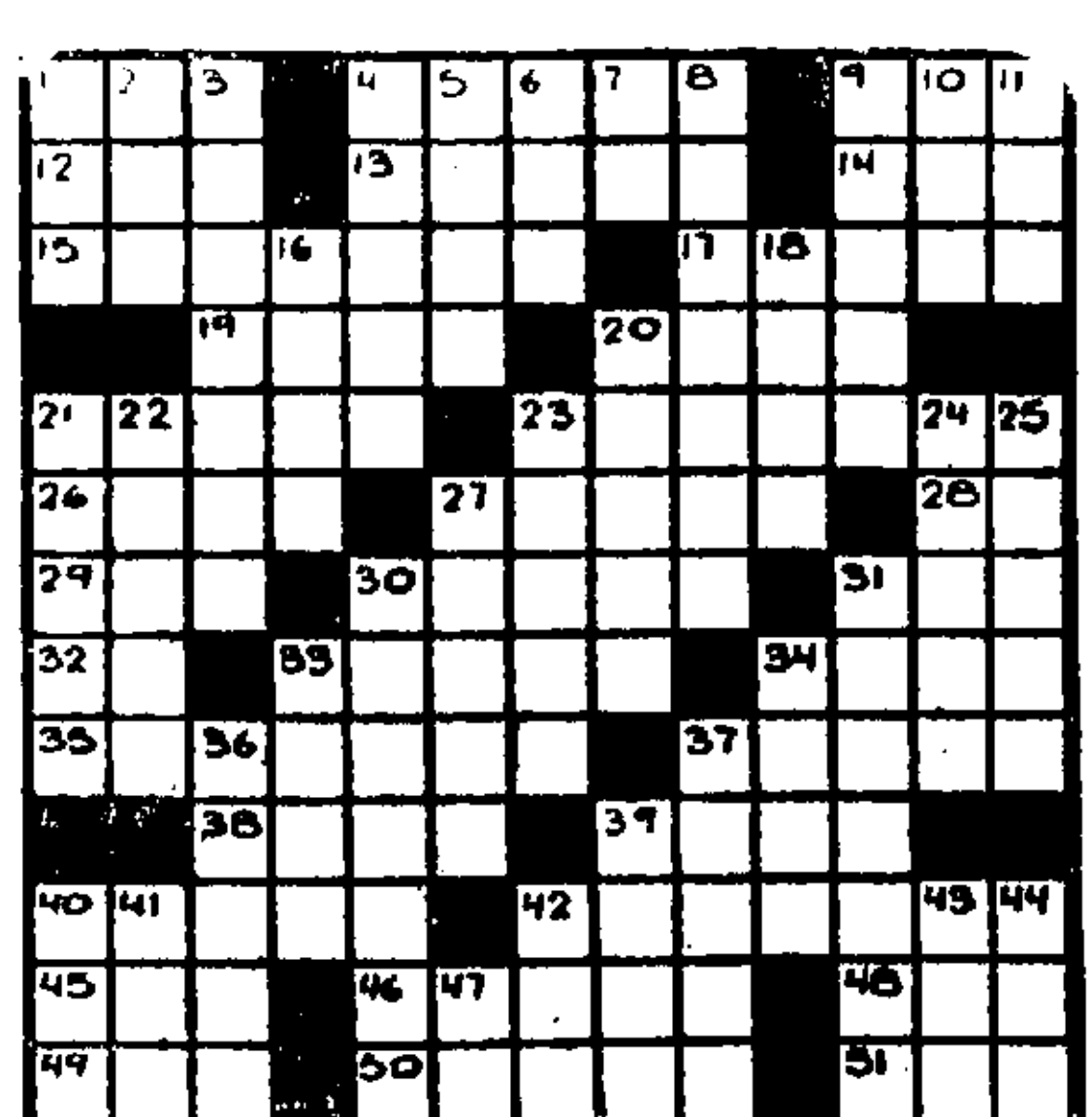
CROSSWORD NO. 972

ACROSS

- 1 Rabble
- 4 Dried orchid tubers
- 9 Comprehend
- 12 Wrath
- 13 Genus of lizards
- 14 Weep
- 15 Narrated
- 17 Thin
- 19 Mimicked
- 20 To daze
- 21 Oriental guitar
- 23 Turned aside
- 26 Declare
- 27 Brief
- 28 Perform
- 29 Idol
- 30 Gem
- 31 A groove
- 32 Conjunction
- 33 Lay away
- 34 Fresh-water fish
- 35 Heart action
- 37 Stirred
- 38 Swift, timid rodent
- 39 Mother
- 40 Musical drama
- 42 Riding academics
- 45 Contend
- 46 Hollow-horned ruminants
- 48 Period of time
- 49 Social insect
- 50 Growing out
- 51 Exhume

DOWN

- 1 Russian local community
- 22 Dentine com-



- 2 Metallic compound
- 3 Delayed
- 4 One who satisfies
- 5 Became old
- 6 Youth
- 7 Printer's measure
- 8 Lot used for grazing
- 9 Not plentiful
- 10 Go astray
- 11 Slight organ
- 16 Three-banded armadillo
- 18 Flat-bottomed boat
- 20 Gleamed
- 21 Granulated starches
- 22 Dentine com-
- 23 Coast
- 24 Evolve
- 25 Loved to excess
- 27 Woman's fur garment
- 30 Price charged for safe-keeping
- 31 Plundered
- 33 Heavenly body
- 34 Large cupola
- 36 Thin piece of metal
- 37 Parsonage
- 39 Matthew (abbr.)
- 40 Nucleated egg cells
- 41 Fasten
- 42 A mew (Scott.)
- 43 Assam silk worn
- 44 Droop
- 47 In contact with

Solution No. 971

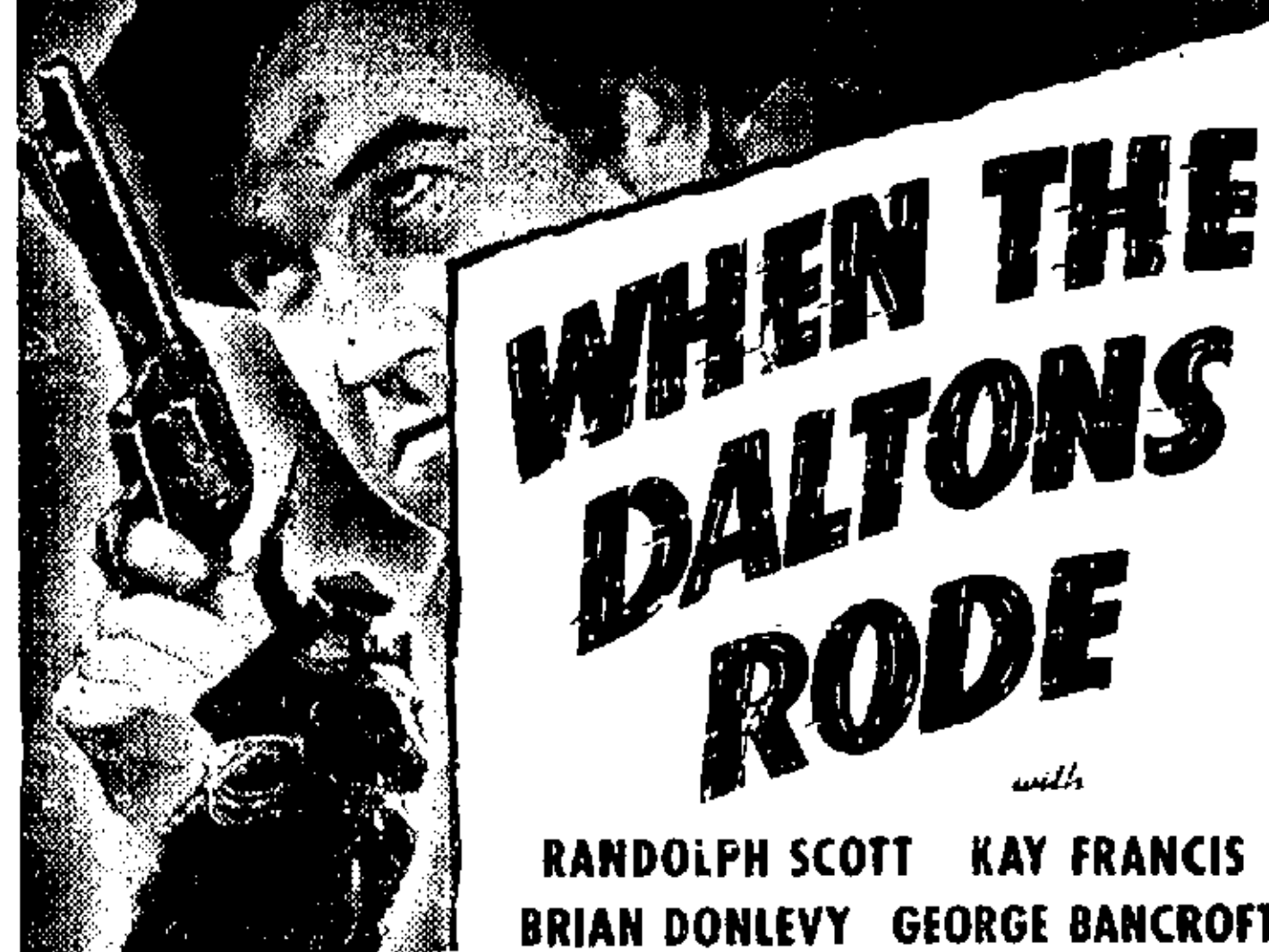
ACROSS: 1, Palp; 5, Flea; 9, Sup; 12, Ant; 13, Earl; 14, Ela; 15, Conservatives; 18, State; 19, Erect; 20, Onset; 23, Arar; 24, Dap; 25, Sign; 28, Dall; 31, Evil; 33, Net; 34, Bald; 35, Rena; 36, Keep; 38, Coe; 39, Stay; 41, Evans; 43, Voted; 45, Iaro; 47, Incurability; 49, Ser; 53, Rad; 54, Area; 55, Ass; 56, Eme; 57, Reem.

DOWN: 1, Pact; 2, Agc; 3, Lin; 4, Posse; 5, Pert; 6, Lave; 7, Era; 8, Alter; 9, Severance; 10, Alec; 11, Past; 16, Eats; 17, Trade; 20, Oder; 21, Nave; 22, Splinters; 23, Ante; 26, Inky; 27, Gee; 28, Lion; 30, Idea; 32, Latex; 37, Peri; 40, Adore; 42, Volar; 43, Visa; 44, Ones; 45, Rain; 46, Able; 48, Has; 49, Tre; 50, Tea; 51, Yam.

KINK

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BRIAN DONLEVY • GEORGE BANCREFT
A Universal Picture

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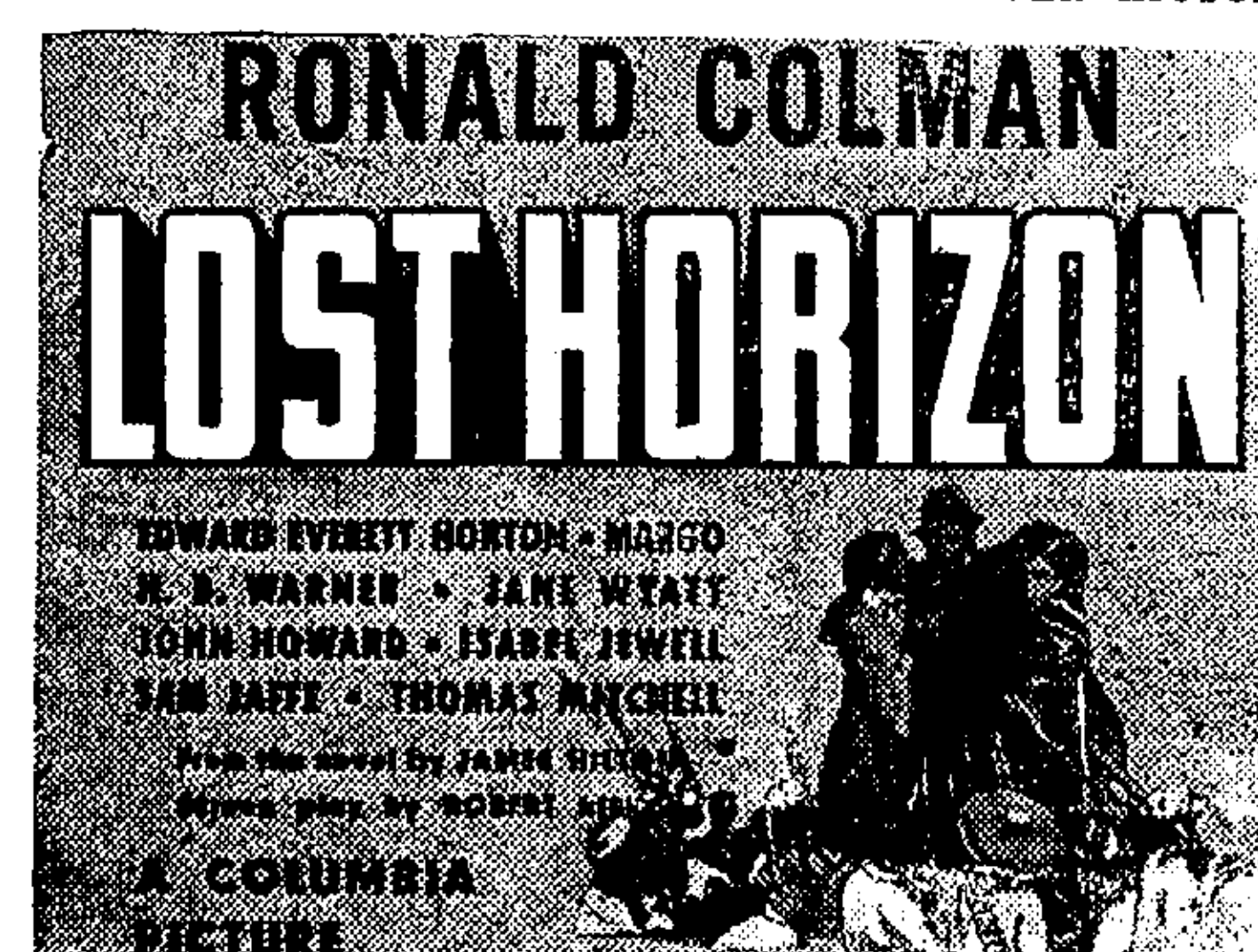
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DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 P.M. 薇 薔 野
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CATHAY DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
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ALSO: Latest FOX MOVIE TONE NEWS

TO-MORROW Key Kyser, Boris Karloff in
RKO Radio Picture: "YOU'LL FIND OUT" Peter Lorre, Bela Lugosi

GERMAN ATTEMPTS TO CROSS DNIEPER BY PONTOONS REPULSED BY RUSSIANS

Nazi Capture Of Briansk Only A "Radio Victory"

MOSCOW, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—M. Lozovsky, the Soviet spokesman, yesterday ridiculed the German radio claim of the capture of Briansk which he called a "radio victory."

Asked by Reuter whether other German attempts had been made to cross the Dnieper by pontoon similar to that recounted in the Soviet communiqué M. Lozovsky admitted that a number of such attempts were made but that all failed.

He added that the Germans, on still distant approaches to Leningrad, were unable to advance and that they were obliged to rush up large reinforcements in order to maintain their positions.

An unconfirmed report that the army of Marshal Ritter von Leeb has contacted Soviet defence line, between ten and twelve miles west and south of Leningrad was telegraphed yesterday by the correspondent of the Svenska Dagbladet of Stockholm.

These defences are stated to consist of a series of forts remaining from the civil war of 1919 have been supplemented and strengthened. These forts, the correspondent continues, are regarded as a serious obstacle by the Germans, calling for strong air attacks if they are to be overcome.

Crediting the Germans with the wish to spare Leningrad the horrors of war, the correspondent mentions that there are no reports of fire bombing attacks on the city itself.

DUAL ATTACK?

It is understood, however, that when the weather permits the Germans are making an attack on the Leningrad defence line and the great naval base at Kronstadt protecting the city.

The Russians are reported to be carrying out extensive counter attacks in the central sector of the vast battle front. These counter attacks, it is stated, are proceeding along a line running south from Viatzna (halfway between Smolensk and Moscow) but a claim is made in Berlin that they are not checking the German encircling movement based on Gomel and designed eventually to shut in Kiev.

Beyond claims of the establishment of bridgeheads on the lower Dnieper, reports reaching Berlin about the situation in the Ukraine are scanty. It is suggested, however, that there will very soon be news of the launching of a big German offensive towards the important Donetz industrial region, which is considered more important than Kiev and Leningrad.

FINNISH CLAIMS

Besides claiming to have reached the former Soviet-Finnish frontier at all points on the Karelian Isthmus, Helsinki telegrams report an intensification of the drive towards the Murmansk.

VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

PATNA, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Following the recent resignations from the Viceroy's Executive Council by Muslim members a stand has been made by Sir Sultan Ahmed who, on the eve of assuming office as a member of the Council, said: "In accepting the offer of the Viceroy to succeed Sir Muhammad Zafarullah Khan, I did nothing that is, a contravention of the decision of the Muslim League for I am even now convinced that I have done nothing which will be in the least prejudicial to the best interests of the Mussulmans of India."

Sir Sultan Ahmed contended that his appointment, which was necessitated by the resignation of Sir Zafarullah Khan, was wholly unconnected with any scheme of expansion of the Executive Council.

GENERAL DENTZ IN JERUSALEM

Slated For High Post In Vichy Gen. Staff

BEIRUT, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—General Dentz accompanied by 30 officers of his General Staff, has arrived from Jerusalem on the first stage of his journey back to France.

A Guard of Honour was mounted at the quayside and presented arms before General Dentz boarded his ship which is leaving in a convoy shortly.

Madame Dentz is accompanying her husband who is understood to have accepted the offer of a high post on the Vichy General Staff.

An Allied spokesman told Reuter: "We have given the men of Vichy a good lesson in International Law and fair play on how to treat prisoners. Let the Axis ask General Dentz about it."

It is learned that over 100 French seamen deserted from the last convoy of ships arriving from France and joined the Free French forces in the Levant. One mariner was astounded to find Beirut life proceeding normally. He said: "Vichy propaganda told us that Beirut was in ruins and with no petrol for traffic."

Leningrad Railway in the northern part of the front. This drive seems to be based on three sectors in the "waist of Finland" where the railway runs nearest to the Finnish frontier.

The capture of Salla, Kunsamo and Uhtua in this area is claimed by the Finns. These places were ceded to the Soviet Union after the winter war of 1940.

It is added that the Finns have now reached their old frontier everywhere except in the Fishermen's Peninsula on the Arctic Ocean.

MOSCOW PREPARES

MOSCOW, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Moscow authorities are taking all steps to ensure that the city's population shall have as comfortable a time as possible during the winter. Huge reserves of food are being stored, including 400,000 tons of potatoes, and 214,000 tons of other vegetables.

On Wednesday night, Moscow City Council's President, M. Pronin stated that the work of fixing up Moscow's underground stations as air-raid shelters was being completed.

Thousands of beds for children, and a double layer of bunks for grown-ups are being provided on stations which have also been provided with running water, good sanitation and even a radio set.

The House Committee have arranged special corners in the shelters with beds for children, and in districts where there are many wooden dwellings, 10,000 dug-out shelters have been constructed with bunks and stoves. Some 2,300 houses are being strengthened to resist the effects of bomb blast. All this work is scheduled to be completed by October 17.

M. Pronin urged the utmost economy in the use of wood and coal, although Moscow has considerable supplies.

BANGKOK, Sept. 6 (Reuter).—Mr. Teiji Tsubokami, the first Japanese Ambassador to Thailand, arrived here yesterday.

Tremendous Battle Raging For Leningrad: Masses Of German Troops, Planes Are Thrown Against Defences

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—The most complete reserve on the progress of fighting on the eastern front which continues to be maintained by German and Soviet communiqués cannot hide the fact that there is crystallisation of the situation in three directions, states a war commentary by ANNALIST.

Marshal Mannerheim has announced that the Finnish forces have reached the old frontiers in the Karelian Isthmus and it will not be long before it is known whether his Order of the Day reminding his soldiers that the time has not arrived for turning "swords into ploughshares" means that they are to continue to wage war for Germany's benefit, or whether they will rest on their laurels and remain on guard over the restored Finnish territory.

A tremendous battle is now raging for Leningrad. Against those formidable rings of outer defences, the German forces are throwing masses of troops and hundreds of aeroplanes without so far it appears making any real impression on the great air defences and military and citizen army which Marshal Voroshilov has assembled.

It is believed that the Soviet attack on an enemy salient in the central sector of the front, in which they hurled the Germans back 30 miles and captured 22 villages is probably the counter attack which was seen by Lieut. General Mason Macfarlane, head of the British Military Mission, somewhere northeast of Smolensk.

This, although a considerable operation, was not on the scale of the counter-attack for the protection of the Russian salient at Kiev about which details are awaited in London.

DRAMATIC STRUGGLE

The drama of the vast struggle in Russia which is rapidly approaching decisions of vital consequence to the future course of the war overshadows for the moment, but should not be allowed to black-out other interesting considerations. One is that the misgivings of the military leaders as well as private citizens in Germany on the way the war is doing for them are now being freely expressed.

General Kabisch, in a remarkable article in the *Derneuezeitung*, it is learned from Prague, points to the teachings of Clausewitz that conquering enemy territory without substantial gains could lead to the weakening of Germany's own position.

General Kabisch, with an eye on Russia's reserves in manpower and material, adds: "This applies especially to a war in the east where our aim must be to defeat the Red Army to such an extent that our force can resume the offensive against England or in the Near East."

TROOP MOVEMENT

Another consideration is that under cover of Germany's pre-occupation in Russia, the emigration of the armies of the British Empire and Britain—from Canada to England, from England to South Africa, Australia and India to the Middle East, from India and Australia to the Far East—has reached formidable proportions and must soon be ready to meet all eventualities on the existing and potential battlefields.

That Mr. Mackenzie King, one of the leading personalities of the Empire and very close to President Roosevelt, has been instructed in these eventualities in the highest British councils concerned with "all questions of strategy and war which are pending" was one of the most interesting references to the Canadian Prime Minister's visit to England and Canadian forces made by Mr. Churchill at Mansion House today.

CHURCHILL TO MAKE FULL WAR STATEMENT

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—When Parliament resumes after the short summer recess, the Prime Minister intends to make a full statement to the House of Commons on the war situation.

He will deal among other matters with his meeting with President Roosevelt at sea which resulted in the formulation of the Atlantic Charter, the position of affairs in Russia and the question of Anglo-American aid, the situation in Iran and the Middle East.

There have been suggestions that the question of aid to Russia should be debated in a secret session but this does not find any support in Government circles, where it is felt that whatever can be said on the subject, should be said in public.

BARUCH IN FIGHTING MOOD

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—Mr. Bernard Baruch, who was head of the War Industries Board during the last world war, has submitted a defence production plan to President Roosevelt calling for a one-man direction and ceiling on all prices.

On the allocation of supplies and priorities which are regulated by the Board composed of seven men, Mr. Baruch commented: "Nobody has final authority there but it is a faltering step forward."

Mr. Baruch said that he would testify before the Senate Banking Committee in a fortnight's time on the price control legislation adding: "I am going to kick the everlasting lights out of it."

HEAVY ATTACK ON FRANCE

R.A.F. "BAC" ELEVEN GERMAN FIGHTERS

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—A heavy attack is believed to have been made by a large force of bombers and fighters over Northern France yesterday afternoon. Aircraft were heard flying across the Channel at a great height.

About an hour later bombers in formation, escorted by many squadrons of Spitfires and Hurricanes, re-crossed the southeast coast on the way home.

Meanwhile anti aircraft fire had been heard from the French coast and there were also heavy explosions believed to have been the crashing of bombs.

ROTTERDAM BOMBED

It is learned that one Fortress aircraft bombed docks at Rotterdam yesterday afternoon.

Eleven enemy fighters were destroyed yesterday and seven British fighters are missing.

MALTA RAIDED

MALTA, Sept. 5 (Reuter).—It is officially announced that six enemy fighters were shot down over Malta yesterday.

On Wednesday night there was a succession of raids on Malta, enemy raiders operated singly, and dropped bombs on land causing slight civilian damage but no casualties.

On Thursday morning a large formation of Italian fighters approached Malta. They were engaged by R.A.F. fighters and six of the enemy were definitely shot into the sea. At least three were badly damaged and are unlikely to have reached their base. We sustained no losses.

"LADIES... READ THIS..."



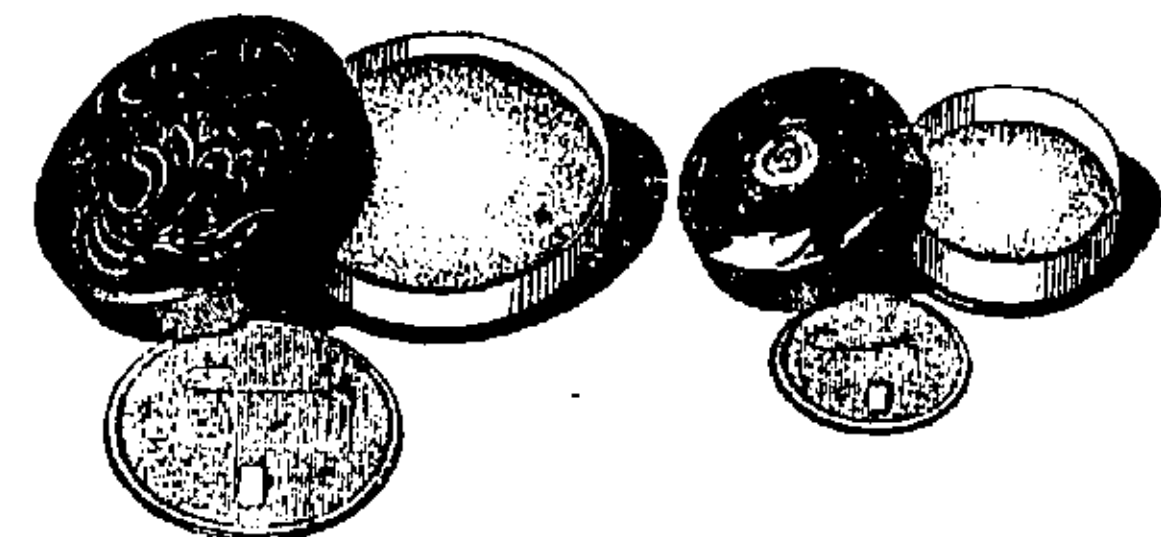
THE New Coty Creations have arrived from New York—made by the same French experts. How exciting some of these are—and how beautifully presented. You'll be thrilled when you see them.

There are so many delightful new creations we simply cannot find room for them all, but here are a few we must mention.

Newly styled Coty Beauty Kits

Coty L'Origan Coffrets, Coty Perfume Sets (and the New 'AMPHORAS')

Jewel-like Coty Vanities, L'Amant Coty Creations, etc., etc., etc.



Obtainable from

China Emporium Ltd., Sincere Co. Ltd., Wing On Co. Ltd., Colonial Dispensary, Vee Hing, Bakilly & Co.



SOUTHWARD BOUND

"Where was that?" "Peterborough. Only one more hour to King's Cross." "Good. Wonder how Town's looking these days."

"Pretty good, I should say. Any place would look good after a spell of the Northern Patrol. What are you going to do?"

"Oh, the usual things. Art galleries. Museums. Feeding the ducks in St. James's Park."

"Neither am I. I'm going to step high, wide and handsome in spite of the bombs. By the time I've finished the metropolis will be painted a chestnut crushed strawberry."

Well, Well. Boys will be boys. Only beware of pickpockets, don't play billiards with strangers for money, and always wear flannel next your skin."

"I hear you, uncle. And now, take a tip from me. Try and remember this time to mix some Rose's Lime Juice with your gin. Or take a long one to wind up the seamy fun and games. There's no time for mornings-after on a seven days' leave."

"First sensible thing you've said since we crossed the Forth Bridge. I shall adhere to Rose's Lime Juice like a barnacle to an Italian battleship."

ROSE'S, THE WISE MAN'S NIGHTCAP

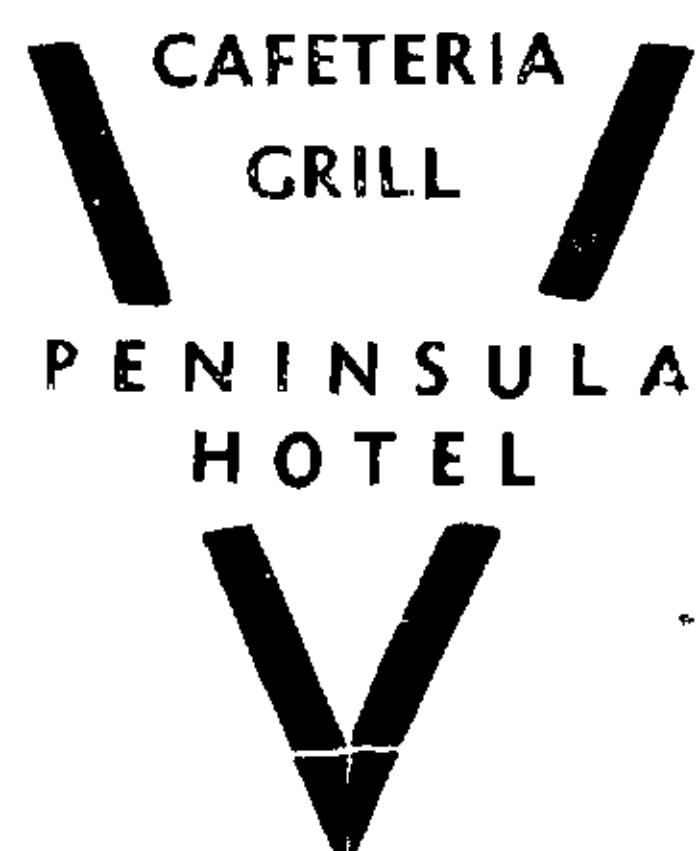


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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS NEW ADVERTISEMENTS



NOTICE

The public are hereby notified of the following traffic arrangements which will be enforced on the day of the arrival in the Colony of H.E. Governor Desig-nate Sir Mark Young, K.C.M.G.

1. Jackson Road and Connaught Road Central from Pedder Street to Jackson Road will be entirely closed to vehicular traffic from one hour before landing of H.E. until the landing ceremony is completed.
2. Upper Albert Road from Government House to Garden Road; Garden Road from Kennedy Road to Queen's Road and Queen's Road from Garden Road to D'Aguiar Street will be closed to all vehicular traffic during the journey of H.E. from Queen's Pier to Government House and from Government House to the King's Theatre and return to Government House. Each journey is of about 5 minutes duration, between journeys the roads mentioned will be open to normal traffic.
3. Motor cars containing guests invited to attend Queen's Pier will proceed via Murray Road and Connaught Road Central to the Hongkong Club where guests will alight and walk to Queen's Pier. Cars will be parked in Connaught Road Central east of the Hongkong Club.
4. No parking of vehicles will be permitted on the following car parks from 6 a.m. until the ceremony is completed.
 - A. Jackson Road.
 - B. Wardley Street, north of Statue Square.
 - C. Connaught Road between Queen's Pier and the Star Ferry Pier.

Sd. J. P. Pennellather Evans,
Commissioner of Police.
6th September, 1941.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate No. 6/NS. 9889 dated Hongkong, 29th October, 1940, for seven shares of this Bank numbered 63580/63582 and 7976/7979 in the name of Mrs. Ethelle Mufiel Dowling, Certificate No. 6/NS. 9890 dated Hongkong, 29th October 1940 for two shares of this Bank numbered 7980/7981 in the name of Mr. Wilfred Murray Theobald, and Certificate No. 6/NS. 9891 dated Hongkong, 29th October 1940 for seven shares of this Bank numbered 7982/7987 and 60985 in the name of Mrs. Elizabeth Lyona Lancaster have been LOST or STOLEN, and should these certificates not be produced to the Bank before the 13th September, 1941, new Certificates for the shares will be issued and the aforesaid Certificates Nos. 6/NS. 9889, 6/NS. 9890, and 6/NS. 9891, will be thereafter treated by this Corporation as NULL and VOID.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 13th August, 1941.

NOTICE TO DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

On Monday and Tuesday, 8th and 9th September, traffic blocks will be installed on the roads on the south side of the island of Hong Kong, at which vehicles may be stopped and examined and where directions as to how they are to proceed through the blocks may be given by the military authorities.

The attention of the public is directed to Defence Regulation 49 which confers the necessary powers on members of His Majesty's forces in uniform and on duty.

Sd. J. P. Pennellather Evans,
Commissioner of Police.
6.9.41.

NOTICE CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

The Hong Kong Government Rice Monopoly telephone number is now

31101

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS of Mahomed Khaleel Shirazi late of No. 3 Commissioner Chief Road, Egmore Madras, in the Empire of India, Mohammedan, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Court has by virtue of Section 58 of the Probates Ordinance 1897, made an Order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to the 25th day of September, 1941.

All creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

Dated the 29th day of August, 1941.

JOHNSON STOKES & MASTER,
Solicitors for the Administrator,
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, Hongkong.

TO SUPERVISE PROVINCIAL TRADE

A Provincial Corporations Supervisory Committee has been formed under the Ministry of Economic Affairs to supervise provincial-operated trade organisations.

The Committee held its first meeting at the Ministry of Economic Affairs. Members present included Mr. Chin Ren (Chairman), Mr. Ma Keh-chiang, Mr. Pang Sung-chow, Mr. Chwang Chih-huan, Mr. Tung Chi-ling, and Mr. Chen Tsu-ling.

Dr. Wong Wen-hao, Minister of Economic Affairs, who was also present, exhorted the Committee to do its best to strengthen the provincial-operated trade organisations and make their operation compatible with the National Government's economic policy.

The work of the Committee for the current year was discussed and a decision was reached to send delegates to different provinces to undertake investigation and readjustment work.—(Central News).

The Daily Press.

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HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 6, 1941.

TWO IMPORTANT SPEECHES

THE IMPORTANCE of the two speeches made at the Mansion House luncheon in London on Thursday does not lie so much in the tributes that the Prime Ministers of Great Britain and Canada paid to the people of the two countries for their magnificent courage, loyalty and devotion to the cause for which the British Empire has taken up arms and to the tremendous strength they have added to their war efforts. The significance of the two speeches lies rather in the warning that was given by both speakers that unless these efforts were multiplied and absolute and full co-operation and co-ordination reached between the countries which comprise the British Commonwealth of Nations it would be impossible to extinguish the flame of war and prevent it from spreading to the whole world. Here is the clearest proof of the way in which the statesmen of Britain and her Dominions are thinking. It shows at once that there is not the slightest tendency on the part of the British and Dominions Governments to over-estimate the successes so far achieved by the allies in checking the advance of aggression to the exclusion of the dangers that still face them on the long road that has still to be traversed before final victory is secured.

IT IS this sound reasoning that made what Mr. Churchill and Mr. Mackenzie King had to say so impressive. The Canadian Prime Minister told his listeners quite plainly that his Government and the people of Canada fully recognised that Canada would be the first to fall under the Nazi aggression if Britain was not given every possible aid to withstand the German onslaught. This is where the tributes paid to Canada's part in the war effort are fully deserved. From the start of the war, Canadians have been foremost in mobilising their country's resources to make it what it has become today—another arsenal of democracy. Food, tanks, planes, guns and munitions have poured into Britain from Canadian ports, while troops and airmen; all trained under a highly organised scheme, have come to take their part in the defence of Britain, ready and eager for a slash at the enemy if, and when, he should decide to invade British soil, and in the meantime to serve wherever the call for British assistance has to be answered.

THIS, however, is not the end of all of Canada's part in the war for freedom. As the next door neighbour of the United States, she has served to cement those bonds which have now drawn the two great democracies closer together. She has become the bridgehead over which the American determination to give all-out assistance to Britain was made—a determination which was first signalled when Their Majesties the King and Queen of England crossed the Canadian border

Happy Valley Hillside Murder: Revenge Motive Alleged By The Crown

Revenge for an alleged swindle of second defendant's brother in Shanghai was the motive advanced by the Crown Counsel, Mr. E. H. Williams, prosecuting in the case in which CHAN LEUNG, alias CHAN SAI, 22, odd job coolie, YUNG HON-CHI, 23, earth coolie, and YUNG SZE-KIT, 25, coolie, were charged before Mr. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday with the murder of YUNG WING-PAN on the hillside in the Colonial Cemetery, Happy Valley.

Mr. Williams was assisted by Det.-Sgt. N. B. Fraser. Before opening his case, Mr. Williams said that the Crown was offering no evidence in the case of the third defendant and asked that he be discharged. Mr. Williams referring to the discharged man said that he would be used as a witness and a great deal of the evidence regarding the affair depended on him. He was a casual coolie employed by the China Provident Loan and Mortgage Co., and resided in their quarters at Sai Yuet Lane. Second accused, who was a clansman, frequently visited him there. The deceased was also a Chinese native and was a clansman of second accused, having arrived from Shanghai on July 22.

On July 27 witness (Mr. Williams said he would refer to the discharged man as such), after a meal went for a walk, as usual, and met deceased to whom he was introduced by the second accused. The following day second accused told witness that the deceased had swindled his brother in Shanghai of N.C.\$500 and his brother, after a quarrel, was sent to prison for assaulting deceased. Accused stated that he intended to take revenge. He asked witness where he could buy a knife and asked witness to help. Witness refused and accused said he would ask "Ai Chai" Kwok, the first defendant.

The following day, July 29, witness went with second accused to Lascar Road and bought a pair of scissors. Accused also informed witness that he had engaged "Ai Chai" Kwok and his plan was that he would entice deceased to a place where Kwok would stab him.

Mr. Williams then went on to relate the events on the following two days when, on each occasion, second accused confessed to witness that Kwok could not stab deceased as there were many people about.

On the evening of July 31 second accused invited witness and deceased for a walk down to Wanchai. They walked up Lascar Road and, after a certain distance, rested. While they were resting witness saw Kwok walked past them.

on June 8 and clasped the hand of the President of the United States in token of a lasting friendship which the events of the last two years have strengthened and which have bound together the two countries in a common cause for world freedom. There is, however, reason for a little bewilderment among the peoples of Britain and Canada and the other parts of the British Commonwealth that there is still a minority in the United States which refuses to believe how far the things which Britain and her allies are fighting for affect their own security. Happily, the leaders of the great American people have been largely successful in bringing home to them the truth of this position. Their efforts to convert the United States into the arsenal of democracy have overcome numerous obstacles and difficulties and their ever increasing aid to Britain and her allies is proof that the realisation, though long in the coming, has at last become a fact, and that the American nation is ready to play her part too in the fight against tyranny. The warning of the two Prime Ministers on Thursday will be taken note of in the United States and American co-operation can well be expected to reach greater proportions in the struggle that lies ahead.

They were standing up and admiring the view when witness heard a cry from deceased and saw Kwok running down the road. He gave chase for a few yards and turned back and saw deceased bleeding from the chest.

Witness and second accused assisted deceased but after a few paces second accused gave a lurch, causing witness to lose his hold on deceased. Witness then saw accused pushing deceased down the hillside and they left for home.

On Aug. 2 the sexton of the cemetery noticed a very bad smell and found a decomposed body. He then went and informed the Police. A few days later both accused were arrested on information.

MEDICAL EVIDENCE

Dr. R. E. Alvarez, medical officer in charge of Victoria Mortuary, testified that he performed a post-mortem on deceased on Aug. 3. The cause of death primarily was a stab wound of the chest. Secondary causes of death were haemorrhage and shock. The wound was consistent with murder and, in his opinion, death took place from 36 to 60 hours before his examination. After further evidence was called by the Crown, hearing of the case was adjourned to Monday at 2.30 p.m.

"TIN HAT" DAY

Arrangements are proceeding apace in connexion with the "Tin Hat" Day which is to be held on Oct. 4 in aid of the Bomber Fund. Lady MacGregor has kindly accepted the Presidency of the Ladies' Committee, on which the following ladies are serving: Mrs. G. D. R. Black, Mrs. A. N. Braude, Mrs. A. Hyde-Lay, Mrs. H. F. Phillips, Mrs. J. A. Ritchie, Mrs. E. C. Ritchie, Mrs. H. A. Taylor, and Miss Stella Bander (Honorary Secretary).

Fifty thousand miniature "tin hats" are being made, and will be sold throughout the Colony on the day. In conjunction with the street appeal, the Hongkong War Effort Committee is organising a special "Tin Hat" Ball, to be held at the Peninsula Hotel, which promises to be one of the most popular events of the season. This will take place on the night of Oct. 3, when several original features will be introduced. All proceeds will be devoted to the Bomber Fund.

Further Cross-Examination In Revenue Officers' Case

Hearing was continued yesterday afternoon before Major A. N. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy in the case in which REVENUE OFFICER CHRISTIAN JOCK ERNEST SCOTT, and REVENUE OFFICERS FOK MAN-CHUNG and FOK YUNG-CHUNG are charged with conspiracy to extort and demand money with menaces.

Mr. F. E. E. Booker, A.S.P., gave evidence of the identification parade held in the Water Police Station on Aug. 10.

Mr. M. A. da Silva, for the defence, then began his cross-examination of Ho Sum who denied that he was the owner of a divan. He went there frequently to smoke. Witness also denied that he told the defendants that he had a brother, named Ho Kong, who was the owner of the divan.

"I am also ignorant about payment of protection money to members of the I. and E. Department," said witness.

SMALL INCIDENT

When asked why he did not go at once to the police when he was robbed of \$20 and assaulted but waited two days until the Police sent for him, Ho replied that he thought it was only a small incident and, furthermore, he did not know the proper procedure of making a report.

The next witness, Leung Wing, testified that he was the keeper of a divan at No. 639, Shanghai Street. About 3 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 10, Ho Sum went to his divan for a smoke and about 2.30 a.m. two Chinese, to-

THE WAR IN THE AIR:

R.A.F. LOSSES AND GAINS SINCE 1939 ANALYSED: THE PRESENT POSITION

Two years ago the German air force faced the combined air forces of Britain, France and Poland. Today the German and Italian air forces face the combined air forces of Britain and Russia," said MAJOR OLIVER STEWART, M.C., A.F.C., the well-known authority on aviation, when he broadcast from London yesterday and analysed the R.A.F. losses and gains since 1939.

Major Stewart said that the Polish air force was good, but small and because neither Britain nor France was quite ready when war came, the Polish air force was soon put out of action. Then again the Germans struck first and the French air force went the same way together with the French factories which turned these factories had never reached their highest output at the time.

TREMENDOUS SPURT

"I suppose it was Dunkirk and the realisation that the R.A.F. was ranged against the combined German and Italian air forces that caused the tremendous spurt that followed when Lord Beaverbrook was ordered by the Prime Minister to get out the biggest production of aircraft possible here," continued Major Stewart.

"Lord Beaverbrook had no mercy in giving his orders and the aircraft industry did not like it very much, but looking back today I think it was the greatest industrial spurt that has ever been seen and aircraft began to appear in all kinds of unexpected places. There was no kind of shortage that Lord Beaverbrook did not seek to overcome.

"Instead of appealing for contributions for this and the other fund, Lord Beaverbrook asked every man and woman to put out a Spitfire and the national move to air supremacy was aroused.

"The people of the British Commonwealth realised that their future existence depended on their maintaining air supremacy over the enemy. A terrific race was being run and it was a question of who would win.

R.A.F. GOES ALL OUT

The Germans estimated that our immediate strength was not great enough to hold theirs and that they could put our air force out of action. They saw that through the air they might short-circuit our air waves and sea-power.

"I don't know with what a minority we won the air battle over Britain, but the R.A.F. certainly went all out in doing so. I don't mean to say that if the Germans had succeeded better and looked like winning the R.A.F. would not have found ways and means of squeezing a little more out of their men and machines, but

I do say that the R.A.F. put into that struggle all it had got.

"After that the Germans came along in the night. The whole picture was changed and the R.A.F. and our anti-aircraft gunners had to think out and try and devise and organise new methods for dealing with these night raiders. They held up without any wavering and finally on May 10 this year 33 enemy raiders were brought down on one night and large-scale raiding ceased.

PRESENT STAGE

"Then came the introduction of the present stage. The Germans attacked Russia and the R.A.F. found itself alongside the Soviet Air Force. The Germans claimed that the Soviet Air Force was small and that it was destroyed in the first few days of this fighting. It has now been shown that the Soviet Air Force is large and well organised.

"So now there are two strong air forces ranged against the Axis forces. The Italian air force is not capable of an useful offensive action.

"We constantly hear about pincer movements. Nearly all the German land operations are described as pincer movements. I don't know whether there can ever be a pincer movement of the air, but Germany now has two air forces striking at her in the air.

"And all the while the people of Britain and the United States are working hard to put out more planes and if the finishing post is in sight, the British worker will continue to work as hard. He must have that clear vision of victory assured provided he gives everything he has got," concluded Major Stewart.

WAR GAMES

Partial Black-out Of Colony

Hongkong was partially black-out as from midnight last night, all external lights in streets and on buildings being extinguished in accordance with the Government Gazette notice.

This measure was not under the jurisdiction of the Air Raid Precautions Department but was taken in conjunction with the large-scale military exercises of the Colony's Defence Forces.

All defence posts throughout the Colony were fully manned at dawn yesterday when the exercises officially commenced. They will be continued well into next week.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS

The three-day exhibition of paintings by Prof. Huang Chun-li at the Hotel Cecil commenced yesterday and the constant stream of people entering and leaving the exhibition rooms provided a happy augury for the success of the exhibition.

There were over 100 scrolls on view depicting famous landscapes and scenes of Mt. Omei of Szechuan Province.

The exhibition will be open today and Sunday from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

HEALTH BULLETIN

The following is the returns of notifiable diseases notified as having occurred in the Colony during the 24 hours ended at midnight on Sept. 4:

Cerebro-Spinal Fever, one case; Cholera, four cases; Diphtheria, one case; Dysentery, eight cases; Enteric Fever, six cases; Tuberculosis, 60 cases.

WALLET LOST

Mr. Parker, of No. 104, The Peak, made a report to Kowloon City Police Station yesterday evening that he had either left his flat, leather note case, containing \$51, in a blue taxi or lost it at Kai Tak Airport Reception Room.

TEN PER CENT. ON ALL DISBURSEMENTS

(Continued from Page 5)

chosen there was evidence that heavy ground would be encountered and that in all probability square set timbering would be required to maintain the tunnels. This was given as a further indication of possible additional expense. It was confirmed at the interview that speed was the prime factor and again we stressed the point that to accomplish speed would incur heavier expenditure than normal operations. We definitely stressed the point that the haulage and disposal of broken rock from the tunnel faces presents a problem and even under the best condition would entail considerable expense. In this regard it was decided that we would call for tenders for haulage contracts to you for your consideration.

"Apart from these considerations we informed you that we saw no major difficulties in carrying out the work required and arrangements are in hand to start work immediately and to continue with all possible speed.

TUNNEL ENTRANCES

"It was decided that the tunnel entrances would be approximately ten feet by ten feet sections, to taper to an eight feet by eight feet tunnel, all tunnel entrances to be finished in concrete blocks or other suitable material. In view of the large stock of railroad ties in the Colony, it was decided that an eight by eight tunnel would be most economical."

"The D.P.W. in a letter in reply to this confirmed that \$450,000 had been set aside for the experimental stage of the work, that the work was to be carried out on a basis of cost plus ten per cent and that all labour costs and salaries of Marsman's staff directly employed in the work would be considered as a direct charge on the job."

Referring to the practical side of the undertaking it was noted that Marsman's had planned for five of the sites chosen and the latter observed that the absence of plant at that stage must not exclude the employment of hand labour at all other faces where such could be employed. It was agreed that the tunnel entrances were to be 10 by 10 and to taper to 8 by 8.

On February 14, 1941, the D.P.W. addressed a letter to Marsman's in which it was stated that as the initial stage of the A.R.P. work had since long passed and in view of the programme still to be undertaken, the D.P.W. was of the opinion in the interest of Government economy that the existing arrangement should be reviewed and it was suggested that Marsman's might be prepared to accept a reduced "percentage on costs" rate on future work as from March 31, 1941.

The letter went on: "You will of course appreciate that it is impossible to put any definite term as to the time or the amount which may be expended in these operations, but our commitments are very considerable."

"With regard to the amortisation of plant, it is agreed that Government should acquire the existing plant now being hired upon amortisation basis by the payment of \$29,347, being the outstanding balance of the amortisation account. All new plant acquired in the future to be purchased by Government except where circumstances dictate that other arrangements would be mutually more satisfactory. It is not possible to precisely indicate these."

Replying to this letter on March 15, Marsman's said: "While we appreciate the views expressed by you, at the same time we feel that you do not realise the fact that our costs on this job are considerably more than the actual disbursement statements that we rendered to you. Under the circumstances, we offer the following for your consideration: that the present arrangement of cost plus ten per cent be continued subject to a full calendar month's notice of termination."

ARRANGEMENT CONTINUED

"In suggesting the continuation of this arrangement, we must point out that we have not been making ten per cent on cost of as suggested in Paragraph 5 of your letter of September 18, we have not charged to the job any office or executive overhead. In fact we are not receiving the full salary of any of our men, many of whom are devoting full time to the work. Taking into consideration the executive overhead and full salaries together with promised bonuses which have helped greatly to accelerate the work, we shall not make more than about 6 per cent on the cost which as you, we feel sure, will appreciate, is much below the usual profit on cost plus contracts of this nature."

"In order to meet you as far as possible, we agree to the suggestion as set forth in Paragraph 4 of your letter of the 14th ultimo on the following terms: That the purchase of all new plant made by the Government direct shall not be considered as a cost to the job, unless purchased by us and then each individual purchase to be considered as an individual transaction on terms mutually agreed upon."

"In regard to this suggested arrangement we feel that it is only fair to us that we should remind you that a great amount of work has been put in by our Trading Department, who have sold all equipment and supplies at cost to the Government, thereby foregoing their usual trading profits which range from 20-30 per cent on many items. In addition to this, we would point out that all purchases made through our Manila firm have been made at cost and that we shall have to pay them a handling fee of five per cent."

AGREEMENT EXTENDED

The D.P.W. replied to this letter in the following terms on April 7, 1941:

"In reply to your letter of March 15, I have to advise you that I am authorised by Government to extend the existing working agreement between your company and Government on the present terms of cost plus ten per cent subject to a full calendar month's notice of termination and subject further to the following condition: That the purchase of all new plant made by Government direct shall not be considered as a cost subject to plus 10 per cent but that all purchases of plant made upon you on behalf of Government shall be so subject, each such purchase made by you shall be considered as an individual transaction on terms mutually agreed upon."

"This arrangement to be in operation as and from April 1, 1941."

The Chairman: Exactly how many tunnels have your firm constructed up to date?

Mr. Marsman: It is impossible for me to state the exact number as there are so many sub-tunnels. I can give you the amount in footage. On July 31, it was 49,180.43 feet.

You are familiar with all this work? In a general way.

You have visited these tunnels? I have, on many occasions. Call them hide-outs if you like, not tunnels. How many are there in Hongkong to which the public could go?—There are approximately 21 sites in which there are numerous portals, so that the total number of portals which people could enter may number 200.

There are 21 different sites on which underground tunnels are made. What about Kowloon?—I have nothing to do with Kowloon.

How many of these 21 sites are entirely completed?—The tunnels could have been used in the case of an emergency practically at once but due to medical requirements and Government regulations on sanitary equipment and ventilation problems we are working on all the tunnels at this time.

There is not a single tunnel entirely completed?—Not one tunnel is entirely completed in conformity with the regulations of Government.

What do you mean then by your correspondence that these tunnels should be completed at the earliest possible moment?—At the outset this job was a question of speed. A year and a half before we took the job on we approached Government and were requested to submit estimates which we did, pointing out that before anyone could take on the job, they would have to engineer it from the stand-point of the foundations, the lay-out, ventilation and many other factors. When we were called in on the job, we were asked to start immediately, and Lieut.-Gov. E. F. Norton, the then Acting Governor, personally visited the sites and requested that we speed operations as fast as possible. Everyone thought at that time that we might have an invasion.

NOT ONE COMPLETE

In the space of 12 months you have been working on the tunnels, and yet not one is completed?—We worked as fast as possible. We were ordered to make possible the protection of the population in the event of trouble.

Have they all got sanitary arrangements installed?—They have not, to my knowledge.

Have they all got seating accommodation for the public?—They

Continued Page 11, Col. 3

Chun-Shing Institute Of Commerce Prize Day

His Excellency Mr. Wei-chih Liu, Minister of Overseas Affairs of the Kuomintang, Chungking, gave away the prizes yesterday evening at the annual distribution of prizes of the Chun-Shing Institute of Commerce, held at the Hongkong Hotel Roof Garden.

Among those who addressed the large graduating class were Mr. Peter H. Sin, Mr. Wei, Mr. Robert C. S. Kwok, Director of the Institute, and Dr. S. F. Lam, who thanked the guests for their attendance.

Among the guests were Mr. Kwok Chan, Vice-Chairman of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, Dr. Lee Shu-kee, Mr. Li Sing-kui, Mr. Chan Pak-sin and Mr. Wei Shiao-pak.

THE GRADUATES

Graduates who received their diplomas were:

SUCCESSFUL GRADUATES

FULL COURSE OF COMMERCE DIPLOMA

17th Term—Augustine Yeung Kwan, Tan Tjoe Hok, Cha Fook Yan, Lee Hon Hee

18th Term—Fan Hon Chow, Kwok Ping K, Mabel Nio Chan, Koon Ming, Penny Lo, Wong Sau Yeu, Ng Sau Hong, Stella Chow, Chow Tat Chai, Wong Yik Ki, Kan Yu Shing, Ng Yu Shan, Vum Kyam Shing, Ho Wai El, Ng Wai Man.

PREScribed COURSE OF COMMERCE DIPLOMA

17th Term—Fakir Muhammed, Tong Kam Lin, Lo Ching Hee, Lam Chack Ting, Tam Yuen Lin, Jefferson Wong, Liu Chuan An, Der Tung Cheung, Fong Shiu Lam

18th Term—Wei Pak Ham, Yung Yu Kiu, Mak Shun Shing, Yue Ping Yim, Chan Wai Tung, Lau Kai Fung, Liu Kwong Wah, Lau Yuet Hing, Loui Sai Ngong, Wong Chun Bung, Chan Chi Yan.

COMMERCIAL RAPID COURSE DIPLOMA

5th Term—Chan Kwan, Fong Shau Yip, Lew Shiu Chee, Leung Yu Chiu, Fan Chan Lam, Wong Man Foo, Marlo dos Ramos.

ACCOUNTANCY COURSE DIPLOMA

3rd Term—Lo Kwok Hung, Mui Wai Ying, Ng Chi Kwan, Cheung Wai Sing, Hung Tung Leung, Lo Chi Kin.

4th Term—Chow Koon Ping, Tong Hok Wing, Yuen Lai Ching, Ma Shok Ching, Leung Shiu Man, Yeung Lam Cho, Ma Wai Yee, Tam Chung Man.

5th Term—Ying Fook Kong, Wong Yin Sui, Tam Big Yuk, Pang Chung Pak, Wai Shiu Hung, Wong Kam Hung.

TYPEWRITING SENIOR COURSE DIPLOMA

28th Term—Hang Wai Hing, Ching Wai Tung, Luk Tak Hong, Fung, Yam Tung, Shum Chi Yung.

29th Term—Clara Chan, Jessie Tam, Lolita Ho, Chan Cham Po, Lucy Wong, Chan Lai Yin.

TYPEWRITING JUNIOR COURSE DIPLOMA

28th Term—Angeline To, Li Sai Ying, Alice Huang, Pearl Lee, Tsang Hong Chuen, Chung King Cheung, Chan Koon Kau, Emily Heul Wong Kit Sang, Lee Wai Man.

29th Term—Rosina Chan, Loo Ka Sing, Hul Ping Cheung, Ruby So, Wan Lai Ching, Chu Lai Tun, Leung Yue Sam, Chiu Tze On.

TYPEWRITING COMPETITION FOR OLD BOYS

Winners:—Tam Bon Hung and Tam Bon Lop.

GERMANS WANT CARTHORSES

LONDON, Sept. 5 (BWS)—The German occupation authorities have just expressed a desire to buy carthorses in France.

They have let it be understood that if the number of horses offered for sale is insufficient, they will be requisitioned in accordance with Germany's needs.

No doubt, France is going to lose the greater part of her equine livestock which is needed by the German armies for transport across the plains of Russia, the roads being impassable for motor vehicles during the winter.

Mr. John R. Greaves, formerly of Messrs. M. Boraha and Co., Hongkong, and serving with the Australian Imperial Force, has escaped from a prisoner of war camp and is safe, and well. After the withdrawal of the British forces from Greece he was reported to be among the missing.

FINAL GAME OF BASEBALL SEASON

Chinese To Play Navy In Charity Series

B. R.O.Y.

Bringing the local baseball season to a fitting close, the U. S. Navy clash with the Hongkong All-stars this afternoon in the fourth leg of the Charity Cup Series at the Chatham Road ball park, with the proceeds going to local charities.

Owing to the local War games, Hongkong will be represented today by the Chinese squad that won the local International Series championship from America and as the Navy will be fielding most of the players of that squad, the Hongkong boys should stand a great chance of putting the hand some Charity Cup on ice. Should the Navy win, though, another game will have to be played to decide the issue and if necessary will be played at 10.30 a.m. tomorrow with the same squads in opposition.

Umpires for this afternoon's struggle will be "Doc" Molten, Hans Waggoner and Pinky Higgins.

LOCALS' LINE-UP

"Grappop" Leung will be in charge of the locals and will probably line up Wally Ching on the mound, Nip Lum behind the plate, Y. T. Chan at the initial sack, Mack Wong at second, Morocco Chan at the Hot Corner and Willie Woo at short.

Gardeners will be Hank Ali, Dick Chung and Looney Loong.

NAVY SQUAD

The Navy will be represented solely by the U. S. S. Mindanao who have had to play a lone hand throughout the series.

"Ski" Pawlowski will again take the mound in a big effort to even the count and will have his regular hindsnatcher, Tony Mascavage in support. MacKenzie will guard the first stop, R. W. Wilson the Keystone, Bowersox third and "Crooner" Ruel the Windy Alley. Picketmen will be selected from Willie Wilson, Greasy Moore, Kennard, Danny Daniels, Groncek and Rovers.

A host of fans are expected to be on hand rooting for the Navy to stay in the race and an excellent battle can be expected.

TOKYO AND THE FOCHOW WITHDRAWAL

TOKYO, Sept. 5 (Reuters)—An attempt to explain the Japanese withdrawal from Fochow, capital of Fukien Province and Treaty Port, is made by the JAPAN TIMES, organ of the Japanese Foreign Office.

It says there is no longer any strategic necessity for continued occupation.

It further remarks that "Chinese citizens of Fochow have shown they are capable of administering Japanese reforms themselves" and adds that the Japanese withdrawal has "provided the world with a concrete case of respect for territorial integrity and sovereign rights such as the Atlantic Charter required."

CAIRO, SUEZ CANAL AREAS BOMBED

CAIRO, Sept. 5 (Reuters)—"There was an air raid last night on Cairo and Suez Canal areas," states the Ministry of the Interior. "Bombs were dropped on a suburb of Cairo, killing one and injuring 21. There was very slight damage."

Italian Submarine Rammed, Sunk

LONDON, Sept. 5 (Reuters)—The sinking of an Italian submarine by the British cruiser Hermione is reported in an Admiralty communiqué.

It says that the Hermione, (Captain G. N. Oliver, R.N.) recently sighted an Italian U-boat on the surface shortly before dawn. While the cruiser altered course and increased to full speed, the enemy attempted to "crash-dive," but the Hermione cut the U-boat in half, carrying a portion of the wreckage away on her bows.

There were no survivors from the U-boat.

LONDON DRY GIN

"TOWER" BRAND

A SHIPMENT OF THIS GIN,

MATURED IN SHERRY CASK.

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EXCELLENT IN QUALITY and CHEAP IN PRICE

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WICKHAM STEED

Continued from Page 1

to the world. His actual words were, "I know I speak for the conscience and determination of the American people when I say that we shall do everything in our power to crush Hitler and his Nazi forces."

JAPAN'S CRISIS

"These words would not have given pleasure to Hitler or to the militant nationalists in Japan. There is truth in the Japanese Prime Minister's statement that his country is facing the greatest crisis in her history. In my view Japan cannot save herself by aligning herself with Germany. Her only safe course will be to return to the liberal policy formerly pursued by her elder statesmen."

"Japan may well reflect on the statement of Marshal Smuts that the greatest sacrifices which mankind has made for the cause of freedom shall not be buried by Hitler. We shall bury Hitler instead."

Earlier in his talk, Mr. Steed said that if anybody had told Herr Hitler that at the beginning of the third year of war he would be fighting his biggest battle against Russia while Britain was bombing Germany and making things very uncomfortable for Berlin he would not have thought such a course possible.

Herr Hitler's plan was to crush Poland in three weeks, and then to make peace with Britain and France on condition that they would give him the opportunity to smash Russia.

BEHIND HAND

In 1939, when he struck down Poland, he tried to carry this out. Then as suddenly he made up his mind to get rid of Britain and France in the West before he tackled the East. A year ago, he got rid of France for the time being but he was rather behind hand when he tried to get rid of Britain. Now he is further behind hand.

"His main hope now is to prevent us from giving any help to Russia. This hope will not be fulfilled," said Mr. Steed. The speaker then referred to September, 1916, in the last war when he had spent some time in France at General Halg's headquarters. The first big British offensive had been fought in July and had gained some ground at a very heavy cost. The second phase of that offensive had begun on Sept. 15, 1916, and General Halg believed that he would have a good chance of going through the German line.

"But he was wrong," said Mr. Steed. "It took us two years to go through the German line and there is something about this second Battle of the Somme which bears a resemblance to what is happening today."

LOOK OUT FOR TANK

Mr. Steed then recalled how he had been advised to go up into another section of the British line and to look out for a tank. Late that same afternoon he had seen something that looked like three or four anti-dive tanks painted with queer designs. These

monsters began to move and they looked so awkward and cumbersome that he and his companions had shouted with laughter. They had enquired what they were and were told that these monsters were tanks.

These aboriginal tanks did not get through the German line at that time though they helped considerably later on and gave the German Army of General Ludendorff an uncomfortable time.

The Germans had learnt the lessons of that war and of those tanks much better than Britain or France but now, since 1939, Britain had developed this weapon along with her planes and other war weapons.

Lord Beaverbrook had helped to speed up that work.

"It is significant that Lord Beaverbrook is to lead the British delegation to the conference in Moscow," said Mr. Steed. "Before he became Minister of Supply he was Minister for Aircraft Production and was responsible for the speeding up of the production of aeroplanes last year and in this."

"He is now to discuss the question of supplies for Russia with the Americans as an expert."

CHANGE IN RUSSIA

Reviewing the change that had been brought about in Russia, since the last war, Mr. Steed said that in 1914 the political system of that country could not claim the wholehearted allegiance of the Russian forces. Their losses had been terrible and it soon became clear that a change of political system was indispensable.

In the hope of encouraging his troops, the Tsar had taken over the supreme command of the Army and that had proved to be a fatal error, not because he could not be looked upon as a soldier of outstanding quality but because responsibility for defeat would fall on him.

After a brief reference to the two missions which had attempted to reach Russia—the first under Lord Kitchener which was lost when the cruiser on which they were travelling was torpedoed—and the second under Lord Milner which was prevented in its work by the revolution—Mr. Steed showed how that revolution had been the start of the change which had been brought about in Russia.

Now in 1941 the concentrated might of the German Army was meeting such stiff resistance from the Russians as to make Herr Hitler wonder if he had been able to achieve as much even as Napoleon.

RECEIVED EDUCATION

"The Russian soldier today has received many years of education and knows what he is fighting for," said Mr. Steed. "The Russian armies of the last war were uneducated and hardly knew what they were fighting for."

In conclusion, Mr. Steed referred to the influence which the Russian revolution had on the last war in its relation to America's entry into that conflagration. In 1917, Germany had declared unrestricted submarine warfare on Allied and

TWO WOULD-BE SUICIDES

A Chinese woman, Kwok So, 31, residing in an unnumbered house in Tokwawan, tried to take her life by jumping into the sea near the Sung Wong Toi, Kowloon City, at about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. She was rescued by boat people nearby and on being questioned stated that abject poverty prompted her to the act.

Another similar incident occurred in Gloucester Road on Wednesday evening when Chan Ping, 28, coolie, hurled himself into the sea. However, he was rescued and removed to hospital.

D. O. SOUTH

SENT TO SESSIONS

On the charge that he had uttered a letter demanding money from Siu Chiu and others with menace and without reasonable or probable cause at Tung Chun village, Lantau Island, on July 26, a farmer, Tsang Kwai alias Tsang Ho alias Tsang Fai, was committed yesterday, by Mr. S. F. Balfour, to the next Criminal Sessions.

Sgt. J. Allen prosecuted.

JUNK MASTER CHARGED

Hearing was commenced before Mr. Balfour yesterday of the case in which Yeung Choy-ying, junk master, is charged with larceny, by bailie, between July 21 and Aug. 1 at Cheung Chau and Aberdeen Harbour, of a cargo of 2,800 tins of petrol, property of Yip Ching-fong, and other partners of the Kwong Yick Hong, which he was to have carried as cargo on his junk from Cheung Chau to Yeung Kok.

Mr. C. Y. Kwan is appearing for the complainants and Mr. C. A. Sutherland Russ for the defence.

Hearing was adjourned to Monday.

CORDELL HULL GIVES AN ASSURANCE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (Central)—The Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Hu Shih, was reportedly assured by the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, yesterday that China has nothing to fear from the exploratory talks between the United States and Japanese officials now going on in Washington.

Dr. Hu Shih called on Mr. Hull today to inquire about the current U.S.-Japanese discussions and told pressmen that he is confident that the United States Government will continue its sympathy to China and the U.S. policy in the Far East will remain unchanged.

The marriage took place on Aug. 31, at Ohel Moisha Synagogue, Shanghai, (Route Tenant de la Tour) of Moritz Stern, of Shanghai, and Gertrude Wechsler, Shanghai.

neutral shipping. President Wilson had begun to feel that America should resist that but he did not like to join in the war on the side of Tsarist Russia. The Russian revolution had later rendered this decision much easier.

Enemy Convoy Off Sardinia Smashed By Fleet Air Arm

CAIRO, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—A successful attack by the Fleet Air Arm on an enemy convoy is recorded in an R.A.F. communique. It says that the convoy consisted of five merchantmen with an escort of seven destroyers, and it was attacked east of Cape Spartivento (Sardinia).

WAR-TIME EMPIRE SUPPLIES

LONDON, Sept. 5 (BWS)—Reports received in London show that a welcome addition to war-time Empire supplies is the remarkable progress in the linen flax industry in New Zealand.

Before the war, no linen flax was grown in the Dominion but when the war reduced supplies to Britain from other sources, experiments on a large scale were undertaken.

So great was the success that the British Government has now undertaken to buy the crop of 25,000 acres during the war and for one year afterwards at agreed prices.

Six additional factories are to be erected, making a total of 17 in the Dominion.

The value of the first year's export was £35,000.

INTERVAL IN INDO-CHINA BETWEEN ACTS

OCCUPATION MOVE JUST A BLUFF?

SAIGON, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—Governor General Admiral Decoux has arrived in Saigon after a tour of Cambodia. No new political developments are expected at the moment and with the departure of General Sumita to Japan, the latest phase of the Japanese move southward and the second act of incursion in Indo-China appears to have ended, leaving the curtain down between acts preceding the unforeseeable next episode.

While Japanese troops are preparing for a prolonged sojourn they are manifestly incapable of further offensive action in this area due to various factors, notably insufficient strength which is only a fraction of the recent estimates abroad.

While some quarters interpret the Japanese occupation of Southern Indo-China as a bluff intended to distract attention from a surprise attack against the Netherlands East Indies, other circles consider that the first sign of a definite weakening in the Russian western front will be the signal for a Japanese move against Siberia.

A considerable school of thought emphasises Japan's previous domestic and economic position and believes that an agreement between Japan and America in which Japan makes certain concessions in return for certain economic advantages is a likely solution to the present situation. It is feared, however, that such an agreement may be reached at the expense of Indo-China.

SHANGHAI-CHONGCHOW TRAIN DERAILED

CHUNGKING, Sept. 5 (Central)—A Hangchow-bound train on the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway was derailed at Shihutang near Sungkiang, important station southwest of Shanghai, on the morning of September 2, according to a Shanghai dispatch.

The derailment was caused by the removal by the Chinese guerrillas of a considerable section of the tracks.

The damage done is believed to be heavy but the number of casualties is not known.

REALISTIC S'PORE WAR GAMES

SINGAPORE, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—Defence exercises with "effects" will be held here in the middle of September lasting two days. They will be so realistic that the population has been warned in advance not to be alarmed. A communique announcing the exercises declares that the measures need cause no alarm. They are merely a contribution towards the training of services on whose work the community will depend in an emergency.

GUNS AT THE READY

FORMIDABLE U.S. SQUADRON IN THE ATLANTIC

ABOARD A U.S. WARSHIP ON THE ATLANTIC PATROL, Aug. 21—United States warships operating under virtual wartime conditions are carrying out President Roosevelt's instructions to keep the sea lanes clear and maintain the nation's promise that the supplies to Britain will get through writes Phil Newsom in the Manila Bulletin.

This correspondent, who has been aboard this warship during the past 10 days, noticed that throughout the 2,600-mile journey, the guns were constantly ready for immediate action.

RADIO SILENT
The radio was silent, except under the gravest conditions. Every night, the warship is completely blacked out, and is protected from airplanes and submarines by sensitive listening devices.

Naval regulations forbid my naming the complements, but I can say this squadron is formidable. This ship is rated one of the most powerful in the navy. Navy men leave it to the navy department and the President to decide the policy which they are confident they can carry out.

STRICTLY NEUTRAL
Officially, the officers with whom I conversed are strictly neutral with regard to the merits or demerits of America's entry into the war but privately, they expect the United States eventually to take active part in the conflict. Interventionist feeling appears stronger among the seamen.

This correspondent saw a giant shell on which was scribbled "This one is for Hitler." Other shells were addressed to Nazi Air Marshal Hermann Goering and Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels.

U.S. STABILISATION LOAN TO MEXICO

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—Real progress in negotiating a stabilisation loan to Mexico is being made, according to an announcement made by the United States Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, who added that these were simple negotiations on which he could comment.

The opinion is that this tends to confirm reports that similar loans are being negotiated with Ecuador, Colombia and possibly other Latin-American countries.

The stabilisation loan would bolster Mexican currency and would apparently be made simultaneously with the settlement of the expropriation question.

In this connexion, the "Journal of Commerce" reports that the formula for a settlement of the expropriation controversy calls for payment of \$9,000,000 down to American oil companies and further instalments chiefly in the sales of oil at 20 per cent below the prevailing market price.

The journal adds that the settlement of the oil question, which has been presented to the interested companies for acceptance, will be part of a comprehensive agreement involving a stabilisation loan of \$30,000,000 and a \$30,000,000 Export-Import Bank credit for expansion in the production of strategic materials and purchase of military supplies.

A high official indicated that most of the major differences had been ironed out and that an agreement may be announced in a "week or a month."

DIGGERS IN MALAYA WANT REAL ACTION

(TRIBUNE STAFF REPORTER)

Australian troops in Malaya, of whom there are many thousands, are feeling slightly bored with having so little to do. They want action, like their brothers in Libya and on other fronts, and they want to do their job in such a way that there will be no need, either in Malaya or elsewhere, for any of them to remain here.

These are some of the impressions of Senator H. S. Foll, Australian Minister of Information, and of the Interior, who, with a party of leading journalists from Down Under, have been visiting our defences, principally with reference to troops from their country.

In a farewell interview with the Malaya Tribune, Senator Foll expressed thanks, on behalf of the Australian troops in Malaya, to all those who have made their stay in this country so pleasant, and given the men such hospitable reception and welcome.

Mr. Foll added that his party and he were very grateful to all the local Service chiefs and others with whom they had come in contact.

Referring to the question of an Australian envoy in Malaya, on which he touched in the course of his interview on arrival here, Mr. Foll said that he had had very full discussions with the local authorities, and when he returned to Australia he would immediately go into the matter. He was more convinced now than ever of the great need for Australian representation in Malaya.

Speaking of the local war effort, he said that he had been greatly impressed by what was being done here, as also in the N.E.I.

One outstanding impression of Malaya that he would carry with him was how the local people—Chinese, Malays and Indians—were helping in the war effort, both in the industries and factories and actively in the Services.

ALLIED MERCHANT SHIPPING

British, Allied, and neutral shipping losses have risen sharply in recent months to an annual rate approaching 5 million tons. Sinkings for May were 461,000 tons, compared with 489,000 and 488,000 tons for March and April respectively. Lower losses in June, 329,000 tons, probably reflect Germany's present preoccupation with Russia and should not at this time be used as a basis for future estimates. Until the spring of the present year it had been possible to confine average monthly losses to a rate of approximately 5 million tons per annum, and there was considerable hope that Britain would be able to carry on until effective replacements became available. The rapid widening of the margin between present sinkings and potential replacements, however, has brought the shipping situation to a critical stage.

Nazi leaders early realized that the one hope of ultimate victory lay in breaking out of Continental Europe to the sea lanes. The possession of strategic bases on the two thousand mile coastline from Narvik to Bayonne has enabled them to launch vicious assaults on all merchant shipping approaching the British Isles, and in the summer and autumn of 1940 losses were particularly heavy. In contrast with the rapidity of land operations in the present war, efforts to supply Britain by sea have settled down to a struggle of a triton in which no single action can contribute largely to the final decision.

Provided that losses do not get out of control, and that every remaining source of tonnage is utilized to the fullest extent, British authorities are confident that it will be possible to carry on through the coming critical months without serious impairment of the war effort. It is recognized, however, that such measures cannot in themselves be relied upon to shift the balance of offensive power from Germany to Britain. The only real answer to the problem—which must involve large additional amounts of aid from the United States to Great Britain—is new ship construction.

21 MILLION TONS
Britain at the outset of the present war owned or directly controlled a merchant marine of approximately 21 million tons. Since that time, through the capture of enemy shipping, acquisition of the merchant fleets of occupied countries, purchase and charter of neutral shipping and new construction within the British Empire, she has acquired direct control over an additional 11 million tons. To a very large extent, however, these additions are of a non-recurring nature. Against the total of such credits must be placed admitted losses by enemy action of approximately 6 million tons, leaving some 25 million tons of shipping still available for use.

This amount, while representing a gain of 4 million tons over that controlled at the outbreak of hostilities, cannot be considered a

NEW YORK, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—Mr. Myron Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal representative to the Vatican, by Clipper yesterday for Lisbon en route to Rome, having recuperated from a severe illness that has lasted several months.

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The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

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FEI FEI & CO. Photo Engravers 18, Colborne Street, Telephone No. 2224

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VEGETABLE SEEDS OF THE BEST THAT IS POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE

NOW OBTAINABLE AT

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in Garden Seeds, Postage Stamps, Picture Books No. 10, Wyndham Street, Hongkong

BLACK & WHITE



WET FLEX LED TO ELECTROCUTION

A shop assistant, 20-year-old Khek Ang Moh, died of heart failure following an electric shock on the night of Aug. 13, while he was engaged in salting vegetables in the back yard of a shop in Bali Lane, Singapore.

MILKING RECORD

Park cattle, descendants of the gigantic white beasts that once roamed wild through Britain's forests, are today setting up new milking records.

The cattle owned by Sir Claud Alexander, Bt., of Paygate, Sussex, last year attained an average milk yield for the herd of 8,080 lbs. with a butter fat content of 4.50. In the previous year one heifer gave 11,724 lbs., and was fifth best heifer of all breeds in the West Sussex Milk Recording Society's books.

Park cattle are both the oldest and youngest of British breeds—oldest in respect of their long lineage, and youngest in that they made their first appearance in the ring at the Royal Agricultural Society of England's 1920 Show. The first volume of the Park Cattle Society's Herd Book was published in 1918 and dealt with all the animals then in existence.

A vivid white in colour, with ears, muzzle, teats and eye-lashes black or red, they are large, magnificently proportioned beasts, adapted to both milk and beef production.

Park cattle are remarkably free from tuberculosis. Major Gurney's

At the inquiry into the youth's death, it was concluded that he came into contact with a length of flexible electric wire which had become wet when it fell into the tub of vegetables he had been working at, and thus received the electrical charge which caused his death.

Mr. Philip Cooper Sands, electrical engineer attached to the Municipality, testified that he visited the scene of the accident the next morning.

He found that a naked electric bulb was suspended by a piece of flex, which was loose, over a nail in the beam of the roof.

Part of the flex was wet and the bulb and socket showed signs of having come into contact with water.

Mr. Sands stated that the bulb was suspended above a tub of vegetables. It was possible, he said, that the electric bulb and the flex were dislodged and fell into the water. The shop assistant received the electric shock while replacing the flex.

herd of 150 head, no fewer than ten of which have earned the Ministry of Agriculture's 3-year Certificate (for a yield of 24,000 lbs.) have all passed the tuberculosis test for several years in succession without a single reactor. This herd has averaged 7,859 lbs. of milk annually over a period of 15 years.

CHINESE SILK EXPORT REVIEWED

Possible shortage of raw silk in America revives the hope of Chinese silk producers and exporters who, despite war conditions, have tried to improve and increase Chinese silk production as well as to find means to export it.

The Foreign Trade Commission spent \$1,700,000 for the latter half of 1940 and the earlier half of 1941 on the improvement of Szechwan silk and to stimulate production.

The Women's Advisory Committee of the New Life Movement Association under the direction of Madame Chiang Kai-shek maintains experimental stations in seven west Szechwan cities, with Loshan (Kiating) as centre, to introduce new strains and new methods of raising silkworms and controlling diseases. Madame's "Green Angels" working among the silk-farmers have won themselves another name—"Silkworm Doctors." Other institutions, too, have joined in the silk production campaign.

Silk used to be one of China's leading export products. Before the war, more than 1,500,000 kilograms of wild silk were exported each year, mostly to Japan, America, and France. Since the war, however, the main wild silk producers, Shantung and Honan, have become war areas where most of the output is seized by the Japanese. Export of Chinese wild silk dropped considerably from the 1937 figure of 79,584 kilograms to 35,888 kilograms in 1938, 31,498 kilograms in 1939, and 29,306 kilograms in 1940. There is little prospect of a large increase in the near future although the Chinese government has launched a programme to develop wild silk in Kwelchow and Yunnan.

Export of silk reeled from domestic silks is also on the decline since the war. As against the pre-war figure of 600,000 kilograms, the 1940 export amounted to only 55,762 kilograms. Most of it went to India and Egypt. Most of the Chinese silk exports pass through Shanghai as the port is the natural outlet for the silk producing provinces of Kiangsu and Chekiang. In the last few years, the National Government has been promoting sericulture in the southwest, especially Szechwan and Yunnan, and exports its products over the Burma Road (C.I.C.).

Although the value of Chinese silk exports increased spectacularly volume decreased during the period.

CHEAP SILK WASTE

White raw silk represents the major portion of Chinese silk exports, followed by yellow raw silk, wild raw silk, and raw silk from doupons. Cheap silk waste and cocoon shippings are exported in quantity. After the outbreak of the war, the export of raw silk reeled from doupons remained fairly stable in volume. That of white raw silk and re-reeled white silk increased steadily, the 1939 white raw silk figure being about five times that of 1937, and even the lean year 1940 nearly doubled that of the first war year, while the 1939 re-reeled white raw silk figure was six times, and the 1940 figure three and half times that of 1937.

The export of steam flature white raw silk dropped sharply in 1938 after the destruction of Shanghai, Wushih, Hangchow, and Huchow filatures. Production and export, however, gradually picked up in the next two years.

The same situation applies to yellow raw silk, as not re-reeled and re-reeled silk is manufactured by native silk farmers while silk reeled in steam flatures is produced in modern factories. The war shifted silk processing to private homes rather than to factories. As to wild raw silk, it is produced mainly in Shantung and Honan war areas, at present controlled by the Japanese.

Before the war, most of China's silk export went to Hongkong (for transshipment), the United States, France, and then Japan, Italy, and the South Seas. Since the war, the majority of Chinese silk goes to the United States, France, India, Burma, and England. A portion goes to Japan from Shanghai where the Japanese have control over filatures in occupied areas. The exports of Chinese silk to different countries can be seen from table 1.

Different kinds of silk have their own favourite markets. White silk is mainly exported to America, France, and Hongkong (mostly for re-export). About one fourth of the annual total is sent to America, and one fifth to France, the rest is divided among England, India, Germany, Egypt, Indo-China, and other countries. Since the war, most of the Chinese white silk goes to America, representing two thirds of the total white silk exports.

India and Burma absorbed most of the Chinese yellow silk export. About half of the total went to the two tropical Asian countries. One fourth went to France and one fifth to America. Since the war, half of the yellow silk export goes to Burma, with India and France taking a considerable share.

Finance and Commerce

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

SEPT. 5 (FRIDAY), 1941

London:	
Telegraphic Transfer	127 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	127 1/2
Credits 4 months sight	
Shanghai:	
On demand	460
Singapore:	
On demand	52 3/4
Japan:	
On demand	162 1/4
India:	
Telegraphic Transfer	182 5/8
and demand	
New York:	
Bank Bills, on demand	24 15/16
Credits, 60 days sight	25 5/8
Batavia:	
On demand	46 3/4
Paris:	
Bank Bills, on demand Nom.	
Credits 4 months sight Nom.	
Saigon:	
On demand	106
Manila:	
On demand	49 7/8
Bangkok:	
On demand	148
Sterling Notes:	
Bank Buying Rate	Nom.
Bar Silver per oz.	23 1/2

Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS

Silver prices were unchanged yesterday, the quotations remaining at 23 1/2 for Ready and 23 1/4 for Forward American Silver was quoted at 34 3/4 for Spot and 34 1/2 for Forward. The London New York cross rate was quoted at 402 1/2. New York-London was quoted at 4 1/4.

MARKET

STERLING
There were sellers at 1 1/3 up to 1 1/4, buyers at 1 1/3 1/2 for Cash.

U. S. DOLLARS
Selling rate to Merchants 25 1/16

SHANGHAI DOLLARS
Business done at 516 and 515 1/2. There were sellers at 515 1/2, buyers at 517.

SHANGHAI MARKET
Open Market. Early advice reported sellers of Sterling at 255/64. Subsequent advice indicated sellers at 2 7/8 for Spot. U. S. Dollars early advice reported sellers at 4 1/3 1/2 and advice received towards 1 p.m. reported sellers at 4 2/3 1/2 for Spot.

AFTERNOON MARKET

STERLING
There were sellers at 1 1/3 up to 1 1/4, buyers at 1 1/3 1/2 for Cash.

U. S. DOLLARS
Selling rate to Merchants 25 1/16

SHANGHAI DOLLARS
Sellers 516, buyers at 517.

SHANGHAI MARKET
Open market. Sterling at 257/64 and U. S. Dollars at 4 29/32 for Spot.

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Sept. 5 (Reuter).

Official T.T. Rates

	Opening
London	0/3-5/32
New York	5-5/16
Japan	unquoted
India	17-1/2
Paris	unquoted
Hongkong	21

Sterling

Spot 0/2-55/64 0/2-7/8
Sept. 0/2-55/64 0/2-7/8

U. S. Dollars
Spot \$4-13/16 \$4-27/32
Sept. 4-13/16 4-27/32

Market: Very quiet.

Silver Duty Rate

The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/2.

The Equalisation rate was 24-1/2 per cent.

SILVER MARKET

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 4 (Reuter).

Silver-Market quietly steady.

Producer selling met with little trade demand.

Spot, 23-1/2d.

Forward, 23-7/16d.

BOMBAY SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 4 (Reuter).

Market: Steady. Offtake 60 bars.

Indian Mint Silver

Ready 62-14-0

Sept. 17 Settlement 62-14-0

Oct. 14 Settlement 62-15-0

Szechwan Grain Purchases: New Regulations Issued

CHUNGKING, Sept. 5 (Central)—Szechwan's farmers and landlords will receive from the Government 70 per cent. of the sales value of grains in Food Treasury Notes and 30 per cent. in cash, according to new regulations of the province for 1941. According to these regulations, for every picul (110 lbs) of grains purchased by the Government, the seller gets \$36 in legal tender and 7 10 piculs worth of Food Treasury Notes issued jointly by the Ministries of Food and Finance.

The premium paid for wheat and corn is only 7 10 and 8 10 of a picul respectively required from the producers or hoarders as equivalent to one picul of other grains. The payment of wheat or corn purchased by the Government is also based on the 35 per cent. in cash and 70 per cent. in Food Treasury Notes principles governing the purchase of grains in general.

The issuance of Food Treasury Notes which aim at strengthening the Government's grip on food supply in Freg China started on September 1 on a national scale. The payment for quantities below one Sheng (1 100 of a picul by volume) is to be made entirely in cash.

The Ministry of Food has entrusted the Farmers' Bank of China and the Szechwan Provincial Bank and their branches and agencies in different cities as representatives making payments for purchases of grains. The two banks must announce in public the names of the sellers, the amount of purchases and the payment in cash or in Food Treasury Notes every ten days. As soon as sellers have disposed of their portions of the grains to the Government agencies, they can exchange their sales tickets at the two banks for cash and Notes in accordance with the prescribed ratio.

The foregoing regulations became effective as from September 1, 1941.

H.K. Stock Exchange

Friday, Sept. 5.

Last week's comment on the market was to the effect that disturbed political conditions in the Far East were being disregarded, and this has been emphasised this week. Much liveliness has prevailed in the more active stocks, transactions have been on a larger scale than for many weeks past accompanied by an improvement in prices.

The impetus has lost a little of its strength at the close and in a few directions the peak levels have not been fully maintained, nevertheless a comparison with last week's closing quotations shows an all round gain in values.

BUSINESS DONE DURING THE WEEK

H.K. Banks \$1,450, \$1,460.
Bank of East Asia \$76.
Union Ins. \$432.
H.K. Fire Ins. \$185.
Steamboats \$10.
Wharves \$90.
Docks, \$17.30, \$17.1, \$17.90, \$18, \$17.80, \$17.1, \$17.70.
Providents \$64, \$64, \$6.70, \$6.65.
Hotels \$3.70.
Lands \$36, \$36.1, \$36.1, \$36.90.
Realities \$34.
Trams \$17.20, \$17.1, \$17.35, \$17.40, \$17.1, \$17.40.
China Lights (O) \$6.20, \$6.1, \$6.1, \$6.60, \$6.65, \$6.60.
China Lights (N) \$2, \$1.85, \$1.80, \$1.85.
Electrics (O) \$22.
Electrics X.D. \$21.1, \$21.90, \$22, \$21.90.
Electrics (N) \$21, \$21.1, \$11.15, \$11.1, \$11.30.
Telephones (O) \$23.1, \$24.
Telephones (N) \$9.
Cements \$15.1, \$15.60, \$15.70.
Ropes \$9.1, \$9.30, \$9.35, \$9.45, \$9.1, \$9.1, \$9.85, \$9.65.
Dairy Farms \$10.10, \$10.15.
Watsons \$11.1, \$11.80, \$11.85, \$11.90, \$12.

BUYERS

H.K. Banks, \$1,445.
Union Ins. \$430.
Docks \$17.50.
Humphreys \$7.15.
Chinese Estates X.D. \$100.
Trams \$17.30.
Lights (O) \$6.50.
Electrics (N) \$21.
Cements \$15.50.

SELLERS

Docks \$17.65.
Trams \$17.50.
Lights (O) \$6.70.
Watsons \$11.90.

SALES

Trams \$17.40.
Lights (O) \$6.60.
Electrics (O) X. Rts. X.D. \$21.90.
Cements \$15.70.
Ropes \$9.65.

CANADIAN WHEAT

LONDON, Sept. 5 (EWS)—The Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa estimates that the total carry-over of Canadian wheat in all Canadian and U.S. positions at July 31, 1941, amounted to 480,083, 691 bushels.

The total is by far the largest amount Canadian wheat ever carried over from one crop year to the next, having exceeded last year's record carry-over of 300,473, 465 bushels by 179,610,226 bushels.

HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

Volume of Business Transacted on Friday, Sept. 5, 1941.

SALES

China Lights (O)	537	\$ 6.50
2,000	6.60	
500	6.60	
86	5.55	
439	1.80	
300	21.90	
50	21.80	
200	11.25	
100	11.20	
200	11.25	
750	17.30	
200	17.40	
100	17.45	
300	17.40	
500	9.65	
200	5.75	
	5.762	

The total value is \$51,908.00.

LONDON METALS EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 4 (Reuter).

Tin, Standard, Cash, Middle Price, buyers £256, sellers 256-1/4.

Tin, Standard, 3 Months, Middle Price, buyers £259-1/4, sellers £259-1/2.

Market barely steady. Third liquidation of nears attracted buying. Smelters remained non-sellers of forward but some dealers were willing to sell at slightly cheaper rates.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 4 (Reuter).

Bar Gold, Fine per oz., 168/-

CHINESE BANK ASSETS UNFROZEN

With special authorisation by the American and British Governments the Central Bank of China has unfrozen the frozen assets of Chinese banks dealing in foreign exchange, says a Shanghai dispatch.

Deposits in foreign exchange in Chinese commercial banks have also been unfrozen by transferring them to the Central Bank of China with the indorsement of the depositors.—(Central News).

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.

Operating Services for Cargo and Passengers

TO—

SWATOW, SHANGHAI, TSINGTAU, CHEFOO

and TIENTSIN

KOBE and OSAKA

SINGAPORE, PENANG and CALCUTTA

SANDAKAN

HA PHON

All steamers berth alongside the Roosevelt Terminal in the French Concession at Shanghai, where passengers and cargo are landed.

For further particulars please apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

TELEPHONE 30311 GENERAL MANAGERS

HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

STOCK EXCHANGE				FRIDAY 5 SEPT.				Buyer	Seller	Bank	Notes
Buyer	Seller	Sales	Today's Last Sale Reptd.								
Banks											
\$1440			\$1460	H.K. Banks .....	...	...	...				\$14
...			285	Do. (Col. Reg.)...	...	...	...				285
...			278 1/2	Do. (Lon. Reg.)...	...	...	...				278
...			291	Chartered Bank .....	...	...	...				291
...			123 1/2	Mercantile Bk. "A" .....	...	...	...				123
...			171 1/2	Mercantile Bk. "C" .....	...	...	...				171
...			\$110	Bank of East Asia .....	...	...	...				\$110
...				N. C. & S. Bank	17 ct.	...	...				\$76
Insurance											
...			\$230	Canton Insurance .....	...	...	...				\$23
\$430			\$432 1/2	Union Insurance .....	...	...	...			\$432	50
...			\$1	Underwriters .....	...	...	...	76 cts			
...			\$185	H. K. Fire .....	...	...	...				\$18
Shipping											
...			\$120	Douglases .....	...	...	...				\$12
...			\$10	Steamboats .....	...	...	...	\$94			
...			\$90	Indo China (Prof.) .....	...	...	...				\$90
...			\$70	Indo China (Def.) .....	...	...	...				\$70
...			51/104	Shells .....	...	...	...				51
...			\$6.55	Waterboats .....	...	...	...				\$6
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.											
...			\$90 1/2	H. K. & K. Wharves .....	...	...	...				\$90
\$92				Providents .....	...	...	...	\$6.66			
\$17 1/2	\$17 1/2	\$17.90	70	H. K. Docks (old) .....	...	...	...		\$17.70	\$17.80	170
...			\$31 1/2	H. K. Docks (new) .....	...	...	...				\$31
...				Shanghai Docks .....	...	...	...	
...				Mining .....	...	...	...	
...			13/6	Kailans .....	...	...	...	
...			\$7 1/2	Ruaba .....	...	...	...	\$7	\$7 1/2	C.D.	
...			2 ct.	Hong Kong Mines .....	...	...	...	
Lands, Hotels and Buildings											
...			\$3.70	H. K. & S. Hotels .....	...	...	...				\$3
...			\$26.90	H. K. Lands .....	...	...	...				\$26
...			\$97 1/2	Do. 4% Debentures .....	...	...	...				\$97
...			\$21 1/2	Shanghai Lands .....	...	...	...				\$21
...			\$34	H. K. Realities .....	...	...	...				\$34
\$7.15			\$7	Humphreys .....	...	...	...	\$7.10			
\$100	X.D.		\$88	Chinese Estates .....	...	...	...				\$88
Cotton Mills											
...			\$43	Ewo (S.) .....	...	...	...				\$43
...			\$305	Shai Cottons (S.) .....	...	...	...				\$305
...				Zong Singa (S.) .....	...	...	...	
...				Wing On Textiles (S.) .....	...	...	...	
Public Utilities											
\$17.30			\$17 1/2	H. K. Tramways .....	...	...	...				\$17 1/2
...			\$7	Peak Trams (old) .....	...	...	...				\$7
...			\$31	Peak Trams (new) .....	...	...	...				\$31
...			\$61 1/2	Star Ferries .....	...	...	...				\$61
\$23 1/2				Ymat Ferries .....	...	...	...	\$23 1/2			
...			\$6.65	China Lights (O.) .....	...	...	...		\$6.60		\$6.60
...			\$1.85	China Lights (New) .....	...	...	...				\$1.85
\$21 1/2	X.D.	\$22	21.0	H. K. Electric (N.) .....	...	...	...	\$21.76			\$21.90
...			\$21 1/2	H. K. Electric (New) .....	...	...	...				\$21
\$11.20			\$11.30	H. K. Electric (Hts) .....	...	...	...	\$11.20			\$11.30
...				Macao Electric .....	...	...	...	
...				Macao Electric .....	...	...	...	
...			\$12 1/2	Sandakan Lights .....	...	...	...				\$12
...			\$24	Telephones (old) .....	...	...	...		\$24		
...			\$9	Telephones (new) .....	...	...	...				\$9
Industrials											
...			\$45	Cald. Macg. (Ord.) S .....	...	...	...				\$45
...			\$26	Cald. Macg. (Pref.) S .....	...	...	...				\$26
...			\$1	Canton Ice .....	...	...	...				\$1
\$15 1/2			\$15.60	Cements .....	...	...	...				\$15.60
...			\$9.85	H. K. Rope .....	...	...	...		\$9.65		\$9.65
...				H.K. Govt. Loans .....	...	...	...	
...			\$101	4% Loan .....	...	...	...				\$101
...			\$99	3 1/2% " (1934) .....	...	...	...				\$99
...			\$98	3 1/2% " (1940) .....	...	...	...				\$98
Miscellaneous											
...			\$19.15	Dairy Farms .....	...	...	...				\$19 1/2
...			\$6 1/2	Entertainments .....	...	...	...				\$6 1/2
...			\$1.60	Constructions (old) .....	...	...	...				\$1.60
...			80 cts.	Constructions (new) .....	...	...	...				80 cts.
...			\$6.45	Lane Crawford .....	...	...	...				\$6.45
...				Nanyang Tobacco .....	...	...	...	\$3.60			
...				Sincere .....	...	...	...	\$2.30			
...			\$24	Watsons .....	...	...	...				\$24
...			\$11.80	Watsons .....	...	...	...		\$11.90		
...			\$42	Cl. G.5% 1925 G.S. Hds .....	...	...	...				\$42
...			\$39	H. K. Wing On .....	...	...	...				\$39
...				Shai Wing On .....	...	...	...	
...			\$7.20	Vibro Piling .....	...	...	...				\$7.20
...				Marsmans Inv. (Lon. .....	...	...	...	
...			1/8	Marsmans Inv. (H.K. .....	...	...	...	
...			\$14	Wm. Powell .....	...	...	...				\$14
...				N.A. Chemicals (H.K.) .....	...	...	...	\$5.70			\$5.65
...				Shanghai .....	...	...	...	

BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital: \$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid Up: \$20,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling: £6,500,000
H.K. Currency Reserve: \$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors: \$20,000,000

Head Office: HONG KONG

Board of Directors:

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson, Chairman
W. H. Lock, Esq., Deputy Chairman
J. K. Bousfield, Esq.,
A. H. Compton, Esq.,
L. J. Davies, Esq.,
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell,
G. Miskin, Esq.,
K. S. Morrison, Esq.,
Hon. Mr. T. E. Pearce,
Hon. Mr. A. I. Shields,
Hon. Sir Vandeleur M. Grayburn,
Chief Manager

Branches:

Amoy, Johore, Rangoon
Bangkok, Kobe, Saigon
Batavia, Kowloon, San
Bombay, Kuala, Francisco
Calcutta, London, Singapore
Canton, Lyons, Surabaya
Chefoo, Manila, Suva
Colombo, Malacca, Patani
Dairen, Munt, Swatow
Fuechow, (Johore)
Haiphong, Hankow, Tientsin
Harbin, New York, Tsingtao
Hilo, Peking, Yokohama
Iloilo, Penang

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in local and other currencies on terms which will be quoted on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES of various sizes to let.

TRUSTEE and EXECUTOR business undertaken.
Hongkong, 28th July, 1941.

HONGKONG SAVINGS
BANK

The business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION:
V. M. GRAYBURN,
Chief Manager.
Hong Kong, 26th Feb., 1939.

THE CHASE BANK

15, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, FINE STREET,
NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal Markets of the world.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES

This Bank is a subsidiary of The Chase National Bank, New York, with Resources of over U.S.\$3,800,000,000.

D. L. BALLANTYNE,

12th June 1941.

THE MERCANTILE BANK
OF INDIA, LIMITEDHead Office: 15, Gracechurch Street,
London, E.C.3

Authorized Capital: £25,000,000
Subscribed Capital: £1,800,000
Paid-up Capital: £1,160,000
Reserve Fund and Res.: £1,354,000

BANKERS:

The Bank of England and Midland Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Ipoh, Kuala Lumpur
Calcutta, Madras, Singapore
Canton, Rangoon, New York
Colombo, Kanton, Penang
Delhi, Karachi, Saigon
Galle, Kala Bharu, Shanghai
Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Simla
Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore

HONG KONG BRANCH:
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

TRUSTEE AND EXECUTORSHIP UNDERTAKEN

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in Local Currency and FIXED DEPOSITS received in Local Currency & REPAYMENT on terms which will be quoted on application.

D. BENSON,

Manager

THE CHARTERED BANK OF
INDIA, AUSTRALIA
AND CHINA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853

Paid Up Capital: £3,000,000
Reserve Fund: £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors: £3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON:

38, Bishopsgate E.C.2.

Sub-Agencies in London:

117-122, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3

West End Branch:

14/16, Cockspur Street, S.W.1.

Manchester Branch:

52, Mosley Street, Manchester, 2

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

ALOR STAR, HONG KONG, PENANG
AMSTERDAM, LONDON, RANGOON
BANGKOK, IPOH, SAIGON
BATAVIA, KUALA, SINGAPORE
BOMBAY, KLANG, SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA, KODU, SINGAPORE
AGENCIES: KUALA, SINGAPORE
CANTON, LUMPU, SINGAPORE
CANTON, KUCHING, TIENTSIN
CANTON, MANILA, TONGKAT
CANTON, MEDAN, TINGTAT
CANTON, NEW YORK, YOKOHAMA
CANTON, HANKOW, PEKING

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business Transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in local and other currencies at rates which will be quoted on application.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS also opened in Local Currency and Sterling with interest allowed at rates obtainable on application.

The Bank's Head Office in London undertakes Executor and Trustee business, and claims recovery of British Income Tax overpaid, on terms which may be ascertained at any of the Agencies and Branches.

W. H. EVANS THOMAS,

Manager

BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED

Authorized Capital: \$10,000,000
Paid Up Capital: 5,998,600.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits: 2,963,261.50

Head Office: HONG KONG

No. 10 Des Voeux Road, Central

Board of Directors:

Hon. Sir Shouson Chow, Chairman
Li Koon Chan, Esq., Li Lan Sang, Esq.
P. K. Kwok, Esq., Wong Chu Son, Esq.
Wong Yun Tong, Esq., Fung Ping Wah, Esq.
Kan Tong Po, Esq., Chief Manager
Hon. Mr. Li Tse Fung, Manager

Branches and Agencies:

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Batavia, London, Rangoon, Surabaya
Bombay, Manila, Saigon, Swatow
Calcutta, Melbourne, San Francisco, Sydney
Canton, Nagasaki, Yokohama, Tientsin
Hankow, New York, Seattle, Vancouver
Hondolai, Paris, Semarang, Shanghai
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Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans granted on approved securities.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in Local Currency and Fixed Deposits received for one year or shorter periods in Local and Foreign Currencies on terms which will be quoted on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES TO LET.

KAN TONG PO,

Chief Manager.

BANK OF CHINA

Specially Chartered by

THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

OF CHINA AS AN

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE

BANK

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$40,000,000.00

(BRANCHES ALL OVER CHINA)

Owing to our numerous Branches in China and connections in the principal Commercial Centres of the World, we are able to extend to our Clients special facilities for Domestic and Foreign Banking and Exchange.

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Hong Kong Branch:

4, QUEEN'S ROAD, C.

South China Offices:

CANTON, KONGMOON
SWATOW, TOISHAN
SHIUCHOW, KINGCHOW

We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds of the Chinese Government both at Home and Abroad.

SHOU J. CHEN,

Manager

TEN PER CENT. ON ALL
DISBURSEMENTS

Cont'd From Page 7

have not, but I understand some have.

Would it not be correct to say that though speed was the prime factor in the contract, the longer it takes the more money your firm makes?

Mr. Davidson.—Is that a suggestion that the contract has been deliberately delayed? I cannot see the relevancy of the question.

The Chairman. I am making no suggestion. In the opinion of the Commission this question is most relevant to the terms of the Inquiry. Your objection is overruled.

The Chairman.—Have you any idea, Mr. Carman, when the whole job of building tunnels will be finished?—I have no more idea than I did at the start. Two weeks after the job commenced, Lieut.-Gen. Norton indicated that if we could not speed up the work, it would have to be stopped.

He said that?—Yes. He was anxious for us to open as many sites as possible. No other firm in the Colony was in a position to carry on.

On these 21 sites, at the moment none of which you say have been completed, what in your estimation is the total number of people they can shelter?—49,000 feet would accommodate approximately 200,000.

Do you consider that if they were all full, that they are in a sufficiently advanced stage to local currency and Sterling with interest allowed at rates obtainable on application.

Would you mention those that are in a position to house the occupants for 24 hours? I have to reserve my answer. Some may not.

Why? The ventilation shafts may not have been completed in all.

VENTILATION SHAFTS

You know how many of these sites have ventilation shafts? I am afraid I don't.

Can you find that out? Yes. Some may not have ventilation shafts, depending on the sites and elevation of the entrance.

Do you know how many have ventilation vents worked by machinery?—I cannot give the exact number.

Can you find out? Yes.

Have you commenced any new tunnels within the last two months?—I believe so—at Aberdeen.

This is other than the 21 sites you have mentioned?—Yes.

At the last hearing we were discussing this question of plant which you had purchased for the job. I think you promised, if my memory serves me right, to find out more details about this plant. Have you?—I have here a summary of the plant and equipment purchased by us on behalf of Government.

What is the total value of the equipment?—\$289,254.47 as of July 31.

In October, 1940, roughly a month after you exchanged these letters with the P.W.D. you purchased \$43,799.13 worth of plant. In November you purchased \$18,724.68, in December \$39,667.92, in

January, 1941, \$25,673.86, in February \$16,406.26, in March \$52,223.56, in April \$25,095.07, in May \$31,492.91, in June \$6,946.52, and in July \$19,224.56, making a grand total of \$289,254.47. Have you purchased anything in August?—Yes.

How much?—I cannot give you the figures.

Will you get them for us?—I will. Was 10 per cent charged on these purchases?—Yes.

And who do you consider the plant belongs to?—Government.

FOR GOVERNMENT

So they paid 10 per cent. on their own property. Who supplied the money to purchase these?—We purchased for Government.

So they paid 10 per cent. on their own property?—Under the terms of the contract, yes.

You also promised to let us have details of the plant and equipment that your firm itself owns on the job. Have you got them?—Yes.

Witness then produced a list of engineering equipment belonging to Marsman's and in service on the tunnel job. According to the list, as read out by the Chairman, the Company had \$8,000 worth of surveying equipment as well as plant and other equipment in their various units such as Needle Hill Mine, Concrete Products Ltd. and the machine shop at Hung Hom which were used to make various tests.

The Chairman. What is the plant in these units? We hired it at various times to carry out tests.

The costs of these were paid for by Government?—No, we carried that out as an engineering part of the job.

Apart from your plant and equipment at these three places, the total value of your plant on the job is \$9,500? Yes, with the exception of those which are hired.

But your own plant and equipment is worth \$9,500?—I don't understand you because there is also equipment hired to Government by us.

Your answer is that Marsman has plant worth \$9,500 but in addition hired some of their own to Government?—Yes.

CAPITAL VALUE

What is the capital value of your plant which you hired to Government?—\$25,650. At times it has been higher than that.

What was the highest that you ever had?—I will have to supply that figure.

What was the monthly rental paid to you by Government in respect of this plant?—In July last the rental was \$800, in June \$600, in May \$750, in April \$900, in March \$900, in February \$650, in January \$600, in December, 1940, \$400, in November \$400, in October \$450 and in September \$350. These figures are approximate.

Was 10 per cent. ever charged on these rentals?—Yes, because they were part of the cost of the job.

So the position again is that Government are hiring plant and paying 10 per cent. of the cost of hire to you?—To the advantage of Government.

Does that also apply to the

SALE OF LAND
ON TAI O

A building lot, of 1,000 square feet, situated at Tai O, Lantau Island, was sold at \$3,000 (the upset price being \$20) during brisk bidding at the auction of Crown Lands at the District Office, South, yesterday morning.

The lot, in Demarcation District 302, is known as Lot 355. The purchasers were Chan Cheong-ki and Li Man-kun.

Of the three other lots put up for auction, two went at upset price and the third fetched \$4 over the upset figure of \$166.

The lots auctioned were No. 1229 in Demarcation District 451 at Lo Wal, an agricultural lot of 1.36 acres; Lot No. 107 in Demarcation District 432 at Heung Cha, an agricultural lot of 1.16 acres; and Lot No. 267 in Demarcation District 446 at Ma Kok, an agricultural lot covering 2 acres.

Prices were \$287, \$170, and \$291.

plant hired from Kin Lee by you?

—Yes.

You hired an air compressor from Kin Lee which you say is valued at \$9,000. What monthly hire did you pay?—I believe \$250 for a full month. That is not now on the job.

Whatever you paid to Kin Lee for hire you also got 10 per cent?—Yes.

Does that apply also to the Hongkong Mines Ltd. for renting the drills and grinders, etc., the capital value of which was \$85,000?—Yes.

What was the approximate rental for that?—Between \$3,000 and \$4,000 a month.

On which you also got 10 per cent?—Yes.

So, according to this type of contract, it would not be incorrect to say that the more

CONT'D BACK PAGE, COL. 3

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.

THE S.S. "

From LONDON AND STRAITS

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the HONG KONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LTD., whence and/or from the wharves Delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th Sept., 1941, will be subject to rent. All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 19th Sept., 1941, or they will not be recognised.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 10th Sept., 1941, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by W. R. LOXLEY & Co. (CHINA) Ltd.

Agents.
Hong Kong, 5th Sept., 1941. [433]

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CONSIGNEES' NOTICES CONSIGNEES' NOTICES

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

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CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

FROM LONDON AND STRAITS

THE M.V.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th Sept., 1941, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Underinsured must be presented to the Underinsured on or before the 20th Sept., 1941, or they will not be recognized.

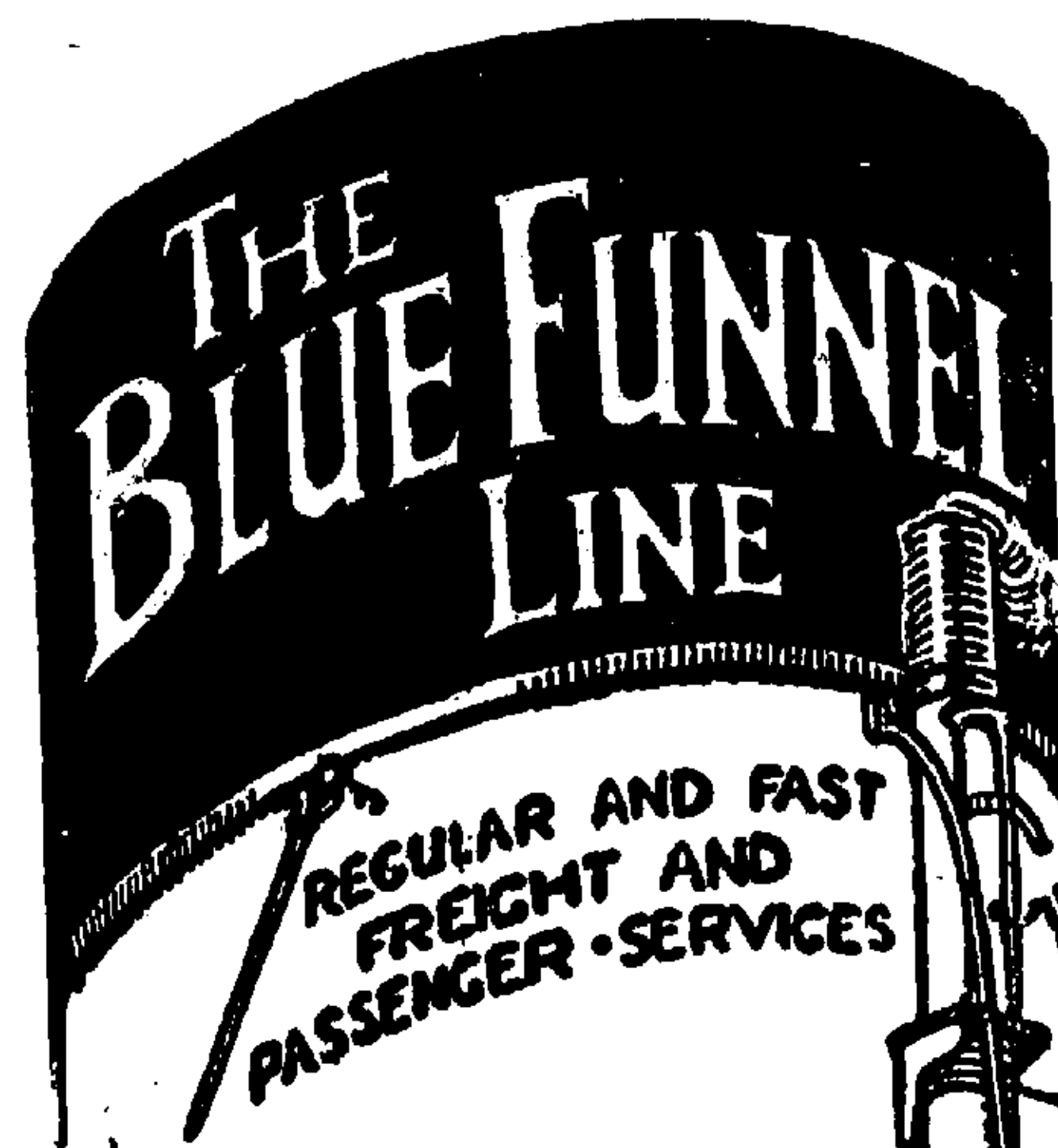
To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 5th Sept., 1941, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goldard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Ltd., Agents, Hong Kong, 30th Aug., 1941.

(418)



TO UNITED KINGDOM PORTS:

For dates and ports of call apply to Agents.

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Ten Per Cent. On All Disbursements

Continued from Page 11

the costs of the hire the more your firm makes?—Yes.

Can you tell me who fixed this hire?—Are you referring now to the Hongkong Mines?

Yes, it you like. That was arranged between ourselves and the P.W.D.

Which gentleman in the P.W.D.?—I believe Mr. Campbell and Mr. Pearce.

CANNOT REMEMBER

How was the arrangement made? In correspondence or verbally?—I cannot remember.

Will you ascertain and let us know?—Yes.

With regard to Kin Lee, how were the terms of hiring made? That happened to be just another question of getting a compressor.

We were looking all over Hongkong and all the ports in the East for the equipment and it so happened Kin Lee had a spare one. Just how it came to the job I don't know.

I don't know who arranged it. I presume it was arranged between ourselves and Mr. Campbell.

Who fixed the rent?—I cannot say.

Did your firm fix it?—No. Therefore it must have been Mr. Campbell?—It must have been arranged by Mr. Campbell and Mr. Pearce and Kin Lee.

Who fixed the rent for the plant that you hired? That was arranged in conversation between members of my staff.

So Marsman's fixed the rent?—Yes.

Without consulting the P.W.D.?—We consult the P.W.D. on every item of expenditure.

In that case, Marsman's fixed the rent with Mr. Campbell and Mr. Pearce?—That's right.

To come back to this arrangement between you and the Public Works Department for making the tunnels, it is mentioned in the latter from Mr. Pearce that your firm would be responsible for the insurance for which Government would pay.

Is that correct?—Not that we were responsible, but we would try to secure policies similar to those in force in the Needle Hill Mine.

Did you succeed?—We approached several insurance firms but no British company would take out the policies. Finally, we obtained a policy from the Asia Life.

When was that?—Shortly after the job started.

WORKMEN INSURED
In which all your workmen were insured?—Yes.

Including Mr. Olsen?—Mr. Olsen was insured under a new policy which stipulated that payment would be made if an accident occurred, resulting in death or loss of a limb or an eye within three months after the accident.

Therefore we did not receive compensation from the Insurance Company.

The actual total of the amount of plant hired to Government comes to \$249,000?—Yes.

Would it be correct to say that unless you had the plant on the job you would not be in a position to do the job?—Yes.

So you had in fact been supplied with plant by Government to do the job for which they paid ten per cent?—Yes, according to our contract we were to receive ten per cent for the cost of the job.

You would also be supplied free by Government with plant to do the work?—Which is ordinarily the case with most contracts.

Let me put it this way. You have in fact been supplied by Government with plant to do the job on the tunnels?—No, in fact we secured plant for Government for which they paid and for which we got ten per cent to which we are entitled under the contract.

You have been given plant by Government to this job?—We have certain facilities Government has not.

Have you got the right type of equipment?—As much as we can secure.

Have you paid for it?—No. Do you pay for the hire of anything?—We receive hire.

Do you pay for hire on anything you do?—Everything comes through our company, but we do not pay for it ourselves.

Marsman's do not pay for that plant because you recover it from Government?—Yes.

THE NET RESULT
The net result is that Government can use the plant at different jobs?—Yes.

On top of that you get ten per cent on the cost of hire?—We have no other means of getting any return.

Out of equipment you could not?—At cost plus ten per cent, naturally.

When Major Beckerleg came from Manila by air, did your firm pay his passage?—Yes.

Has that been charged to Government?—It has not.

You know the group of tunnels at Belcher?—Yes.

Can you tell us when you started to do that job?—I have to supply that information. It cannot be member off-hand. It commenced several months ago.

Is it completed yet?—It is completed so far as the driving is concerned. That was what we were actually concerned with in the original contract. Other problems, such as ventilation, the Government declined to carry on.

But you are in fact performing that?—Yes.

It has not yet been completed?—No, for what reason I don't know.

Do you know when it will be completed?—As an ordinary citizen would you say that these tunnels are in fact able to house people for 24 hours? They can be used. The ventilation in that area is particularly good.

Would they be able to stay 24 hours? There is no sanitation there? I think not. My company has arranged for sanitary accommodation to be installed.

There is some kind of ventilation?
The natural ventilation is sufficient, but it may be necessary to drive a few ventilating shafts for dead ends.

There is a lot of seepage there?—There is, if it is not gunnited.

Assuming that water is dripping through rock, it will be necessary to gunnite the rock and that has not yet been done. Are the railway track lines pulled out? Some of them were held up by military considerations, but they finally agreed to let us through.

You know the site at Wyndham Street by the Dairy Farm? Has that been completed?—No.

TUNNEL SYSTEM
You know when that started? That tunnel system was started some months ago. After starting on the general system it was decided that various other portals would be opened and that is the reason why some of the portals are now being opened.

When you say it was decided, who decided that?—It was during one of the conferences held every Tuesday between the Public Works Department and the Director of Air Raid Precautions.

Is that known as the Tunnels Committee?—I did not know they had such a name. Those who attended were Mr. Pearce, Wing-Comdr Steele-Perkins, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Campbell and Mr. Livroy.

They have been meeting every week since the tunnel system started?—Yes.

You take your orders from them?—Yes.

This Wyndham Street shaft goes very far down?—I forget the extent of it, but I know it is very deep. It goes down some 30 feet.

It is still in an early stage?—The connecting tunnels were started only a short time ago. Various technical reasons held it up.

When the work was first started, did you use timber or concrete for beams?—Timber entirely.

Do you know the amount of timber bought by you?—I cannot give it off-hand.

I take it Marsman bought the timber?—It was approved by Government.

After looking up some files, Mr. Carman announced that a total of \$476,945.97 had been expended on timber for tunnels. Included in the total was expended on timber for tunnels. Included in the total was expenditure for smaller items.

Subsequently, it was found that owing to seepage of water, timber was not the right stuff to use and concrete was used?—This is not correct. They originally used nothing but timber. Then Government decided to use reinforced concrete beams.

Any timber replaced by reinforced concrete?—Yes.

Much or little?—I cannot give the actual amount but it was very small.

FOR OTHER PURPOSES
What happened to the timber replaced?—It was used for other purposes.

What happened to the timber damaged?—It was cut up into small blocks and used as lining.

Am I correct in saying that timber condemned was sold as firewood by the Public Works Department?—Not to my knowledge.

Where did you buy the timber?—I can give you information.

And also the price you paid for it?—Yes.

Do you know off-hand if you bought railway sleepers?—Yes.

Many?—Originally, we intended to use railway sleepers. The size of the tunnels were

designed for sleepers but after placing orders with Jardine's we found they were in such a shape that we were unable to use them for certain parts of the job. Later these were cut up.

Were you ever approached by anybody to purchase railway sleepers?—Several people approached me. We first purchased 2,000 from the National Development Company.

I forgot to ask you one thing in connexion with the contract. Were you ever told by the Public Works Department that you were at liberty to sub-contract this work?—I have sub-contracted the work in agreement with the P.W.D.

Have you sub-let much of this work?—Very little.

Who instructed you to do this?—Since I received most of my instructions from them, I presumed it was Messrs. Campbell and Curtis.

Is there anything in writing permitting you to sub-let the contract you have undertaken from Government? The contract was on a cost plus ten per cent basis and every thing has to be approved by Government. I don't think there is more than two or three, possibly four, sub-contractors on the job. They were brought in for tunnel relining.

But is there anything in writing from the P.W.D. to your firm permitting you to sub-let these contracts?—I have to supply you with that information.

DOES NOT KNOW
Who is doing the ventilation to the tunnels?—I am afraid I cannot answer that. I don't know just what is happening. Originally we did nothing with the ventilation. Some months ago, I learned from outsiders that a contract had been let for ventilation.

By who do you know?—I do not know, and at that time I could not believe. I thought it was strange we had not been consulted. I went to have a look at the sites myself and found it was true. Someone was starting work.

Have you not heard who sub-let the contract?—I don't know, but I think it was discussed at one of the Tuesday meetings.

Is your firm actually doing the ventilation work?—Since that time, we decided to use ventilation through shafts. Later, when the matter came up, I questioned officials again on the other system and the matter was reviewed. A Committee, I believe, was appointed. We carried out one or two tests in connexion with the systems and hired coolies to try to substantiate the merits of both systems.

Are you now doing the ventilation system?—We are in some of the tunnels but I don't know what policy has been decided on.

Who instructed you to start the ventilation system?—It was at the Tuesday meeting.

DESIGN FANS
Is there anything in writing?—I think there is. We have been instructed to design various fans which we have done and made.

You don't know off-hand how many fans you have installed in these tunnels?—We have made in the neighbourhood of 12 to 15.

How many have you installed?—I cannot tell. We try to get the most satisfactory system to that end. Government has decided to send Mr. Campbell and Mr. Curtis to Chungking a few days ago.

Until Messrs. Campbell and Curtis went to Chungking, do you know if either had seen any tunnel ventilation system? Have you yourself?—The system is the same as that we use in our mines. The Chinese shelters have not got proper ventilation systems. As a matter of precaution we are going into the matter in detail. We have got Mr. Newman, our consulting engineer, from Singapore where he had been working. He is here now and is checking on the ventilation.

You have no recent definite instruction to install mechanical ventilation system?—On certain sites.

Have mechanical systems been installed in these sites?—Yes, on other sites the work is held up by lack of entrances. We make the fans and Government purchases the engines.

Mr. Carman was requested to supply information on the timber purchased, the price paid, and his firm's dealings in concrete at the afternoon's hearing.

TOKYO, Sept. 5 (Reuter)—According to a Saigon telegram Thailand has notified Japanese members of the Border Demarcation Committee that the withdrawal of Thai troops from the zone on the Indo-China frontier to be demilitarised has been completed.

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, 6th SEPTEMBER, 1941.

GENERAL HOLIDAY

On Saturday, 6th Sept., the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to Noon, Sheungwan Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar boxes as on Sundays, and one delivery of registered and ordinary correspondence at 11.30 a.m.

There will also be one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11 a.m. from the Branch Post Offices at Stanley, Taiipo and Unlong.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

Parcel Post Service to Japan is temporarily suspended.

The public are reminded that it is a breach of postal regulations to enclose in a postal cover communications intended for persons other than the addressee.

The Printed Matter Service to the following places in China is temporarily suspended:—

Yunnan

Szechuen

Kweichow

Hunan

Fukien (except Amoy and Kulangsu)

Kwangsi

North and East of Kwangtung

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD AIR MAILS

From	Due
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 5th September.	12th Sept.
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 18th September.	25th Sept.

OUTWARD AIR MAILS

For	Date and Time
MONDAY	Mon. 6th Sept. K.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
FRIDAY	Fri. 12th Sept. K.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM
THURSDAY	Thurs. 25th Sept. K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM

GLUT OF WATCH THEFTS

A woman, Cheung Sau-fong, 23, charged with receiving wrist watches which had been stolen from Miss Josephine Chow, 25, of No. 49 Village Road, and Miss Ng Siu-lin, of No. 2 Kai Tak Road, was cautioned by Mr. H. G. Shepherd, the Central Magistrate yesterday.

Tong Lai-hung, 17, unemployed, who pleaded guilty to snatching the watches, was remanded 24 hours.

Det.-Sgt. V. M. Morrison prosecuted.

Lo Pau, 18, and Kwok Choi, 24, were convicted on a charge of larceny of a wrist watch from Lau Siu-lan, woman, at Fenwick Street. The first was remanded 24 hours and the second was sentenced to six weeks.

OPEN PAIRS

At the Kowloon Bowling Green Club yesterday afternoon, in the third round of the Colony open pairs, S. H. Solina and K. M. Omar, of Craggower, beat S. Eccleshall (C.S.O.C.) and J. Shepherd (P.R.C.) by 28-14.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 6 to 12 Sept. 1941.

HIGH WATER. LOW WATER.

Days of Week Days of Month Standard Time Height Hong Kong Standard Time Height

Sat. 6 h. m. t. m. h. m. t. m.

Sun. 7 09 40 7 1 02 07 1 6

Mon. 8 22 32 8 6 15 53 2 6

Tue. 9 10 21 9 8 02 59 1 6

Wed. 10 22 57 10 6 18 22 2 5

Thu. 11 10 57 11 6 04 19 1 9

Fri. 12 23 19 12 6 16 52 2 5

Sat. 1 11 32 1 1 00 00 2 1

Sun. 2 23 39 2 1 17 23 2 6

Mon. 3 12 04 3 6 05 44 2 6

Tue. 4 23 58 4 6 17 00 2 8

Wed. 5 11 32 5 1 08 31 2 9

Thu. 6 12 37 6 1 18 16 3 1

Fri. 7 00 22 7 1 07 27 3 4

Sat. 8 13 52 8 1 18 35 3 2

Sun. 9 02 07 9 1 28 44 3 2

Mon. 10 10 21 10 6 15 53 2 6

Tue. 11 22 57 11 6 18 22 2 5

Wed. 12 10 57 12 6 04 19 1 9

Thu. 1 23 19 1 6 16 52 2 5

Fri. 2 11 32 2 1 00 00 2 1

Sat. 3 23 39 3 1 17 23 2 6

Sun. 4 12 04 4 6 05 44 2 6

Mon. 5 23 58 5 6 17 00 2 8

Tue. 6 11 32 6 1 08 31 2 9

Wed. 7 12 37 7 1 18 16 3 1

Thu. 8 00 22 8 1 07 27 3 4

Fri. 9 13 52 9 1 18 35 3 2

Sat. 10 02 07 10 1 28 44 3 2

Sun. 11 10 21 11 6 15 53 2 6

Mon. 12 22 57 12 6 18 22 2 5

Tue. 1 10 57 1 6 04 19 1 9

Wed. 2 23 19 2 6 16 52 2 5

Thu. 3 11 32 3 1 00 00 2 1

Fri. 4 23 39 4 1 17 23 2 6

Sat. 5 12 04 5 6 05 44 2 6

Sun. 6 23 58 6 6 17 00 2 8

Mon. 7 11 32 7 1 08 31 2 9

Tue. 8 12 37 8 1 18 16 3 1

Wed. 9 00 22 9 1 07 27 3 4

Thu. 10 13 52 10 1 18 35 3 2

Fri. 11 02 07 11 1 28 44 3 2